SAN FRANCISCO.
W. SPAULDING
ABLISHMENT,
9 Fremont street, be-
Front and Battery.
N FRANCISCO.
PAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH
erted in circular sizes,
RING, in all its branches, such as Gold
Tooshing, Straightening, etc.
LAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut, Hi
ang Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all
lowest market rates.
ed-faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULD
TERS always on hand, or made to order
lor.
-Messrs. KNAPP, BURRILL & Co.
ion Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are
horized Agents for Oregon, Washington
sent through them by telegraph or otherwise
be filled at same rates as if sent in person.

MEDICAL.

THE UNFORTUNATE.
REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY COR. COMMERCIAL STREETS,
San Francisco, Established in
1854, for the treatment of Private
and Seminal Diseases, Secret
Sores, Gleet, Stricture,
Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal
Weakness, Impotency, Skin
Diseases of years standing, and
Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.
GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that
retained from visiting the principal Hospitals
Europe, and has resumed practice at his
, 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial,
ancisco, where his old patients and
his services may find him.
octor has spent much time
to our new remedies, and has pro-
ed facilities for the alleviation o
Horrible Diseases.
many thousands of persons, both
are to-day
from the effects of secret
nsulated and disfigured
down constitutions, disqu
ppiness of married life, or the
horrid situation thousands
the scene. Let parents guard
those who are suffering with
like destroying maladies
r secret habits, which
ation, night sweats, nervousness
ht heavily, be relied
ing effects, either in person or by letter
cure effected by his new and
ating this disease, which never fails
quick and radical cure. If G. will
ect him that he was cured of his
by either of the San Francisco quacks.
Married Men,
who contemplate marriage, who are sick
any of those fearful maladies, should at
the sacred responsibility rest upon them
ay to obtain immediate relief.
GIBBON is responsible, and
the suffering invalid, that he will
radical and permanent cure in every
Caution to the Unfortunate.
are of the San Francisco
ns who, with bright
mercury. Some of the
ers of San Francisco
ases and because
Some are ignorant,
, intelligence either
ce to consult
ron nothing, and they
ertising physicians in eight cases out
ing, there is no safety in
Gibbon will strictly persons
of his ability to treat diseases
Cured at Home.
ent at a distance may be CURED AT
ir medicines may be SHIPPED
length of time the disease
medicines promptly
and carefully, to any
and plain directions.
an registered letter, or through the
through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package
one will be forwarded to any
All communications strictly
Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.
DR. GIBBON, 623 Kearney st.,
San Francisco, Postoffice Box 1957.
MEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE
consultations FREE.
Correspondents will please inform DR. GIB-
that they read his advertisement in the Daily
Oregonian.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
District of Oregon. Notice is
matter of Joseph Kellogg, bankrupt,
hereby given that a petition has been
Court by said Joseph Kellogg, praying
ept under the Act of Congress
ge and certificate thereof, and
debts and liabilities and other
order said act, and that the fifteenth day
rch, 1875, is assigned for the hearing of
before H. E. Northup, Esq., Register in
for his office in Portland, in said District,
and where any person may attend and show
if any they have, why the prayer of said
should not be granted.
Witness: R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy
matter of C. H. Kellogg, bankrupt.
hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court
by said C. H. Kellogg, praying for the benefit of the
Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge
and certificate thereof, from all his debts and liabilities
and other claims provable under said act, and that the
fifteenth day of March, 1875, is assigned for a
hearing of the same before H. E. Northup, Esq.,
Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, in the City of
Portland, in said District, when and where any person
may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the
prayer of said petition should not be granted.
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST
the Estate of ISAAC A. DAVENPORT, late of
Portland, are hereby required to present them
duly verified, at their office, No. 2 First street,
Portland, Oregon, within six months
date hereof.
HAMILTON BOYD,
H. S. DAVENPORT,
CHAS. F. SUTTON,
Executors
and Executrix.
Portland, Feb. 4, 1875.

THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED
for the District of Oregon. Notice is
by given of his appointment. District of Oregon, ss.
In the matter of Joseph Kellogg, bankrupt.
This is to give notice that I have been appointed by the
District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon,
Assignee of the estate of Joseph Kellogg, of the City of Eugene in the County of Lane and State of Oregon, within
said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own
petition, by the District Court of said District.
The undersigned hereby gives notice of
appointment as Assignee of the estate of said bankrupt.
Dated at Portland, in said District, this 13th day of February, A. D. 1875.
BYRON C. VAN HOUTEN,
Assignee.

THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED
for the District of Oregon. Notice of
of his appointment. District of Oregon, ss.
In the matter of Joseph Kellogg, bankrupt.
This is to give notice that I have been appointed by the
District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon,
Assignee of the estate of Joseph Kellogg, of the City of Eugene in the County of Lane and State of Oregon, within
said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own
petition, by the District Court of said District.
The undersigned hereby gives notice of
appointment as Assignee of the estate of said bankrupt.
Dated at Portland, in said District, this 9th day of February, A. D. 1875.
BYRON C. VAN HOUTEN,
Assignee.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 37. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

St. Patrick's Day Universally Celebrated.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The celebration of St. Patrick's day is universal. The procession of various societies numbers, it is estimated, fully 20,000. Mansions and walks along the route are crowded. Dispatches from the chief cities and towns of the Middle, Eastern and Southern States report the day generally celebrated.

CHICAGO, March 17.—St. Patrick's day is celebrated in the usual manner. Procession numbers ten thousand.

Terrible Flood in Port Jervis.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., March 17.—At 6 o'clock this morning the large shop whistle warned the people that the flood was rising with fearful rapidity. The telegraph had previously announced that the ice was coming down the river, and was breaking through every barrier above, and was coming down upon the city, riding upon crest of the waters ten feet high.

Seven o'clock A. M.—The water is rising rapidly and the whole town is inundated. A large charge of powder was exploded which did great execution, allowing the ice to pass through the head of the gorge, and to the bridge of the Delaware Railroad Company, three miles west, has been swept away. The flood is coming with increasing force, and the inhabitants are fleeing for high ground from the flats.

Eight o'clock.—The gorge remains firm, but the volume of water has made a river of King street, carrying all before it and submerging a great part of the lower portion of the town. A large charge of powder was exploded within 100 yards of the telegraph office.

8:45 A. M.—A great shout of thankfulness has just gone up. The gorge has broken and the ice is floating down the stream, while the water in the village is lowering. The Barrett bridge is standing though badly damaged. Probably thirty blocks were inundated, and some houses carried off. As far as heard from no lives lost. The wrecks of two bridges, resting against a great way down stream, a mile and a quarter below, is feared to be doomed. About 20 houses in Port Jervis proper, between the railway and the river, were more or less damaged by the water. Twenty-four shops of the Erie railroad had from one to two feet water in them, but no damage done.

PORT JERVIS, March 17—1 P. M.—The scene at Germantown (in the lower part of this city, beggars description. The ice is piled on shore in many places over 30 feet high and some pieces weighing 50 tons. About 200 houses are filled with water to the second story. It is reported that one man was killed. Four of the fire spans, in all 65 feet, of the Delaware railroad bridge are gone. The abutments of the railroad and Pelegrine bridges caught fast on Van Inay's Island, two miles below, thus saving the lower portion of the suspension bridge. Damage to the several bridges about $100,000 and other losses in the village about $20,000. The river is now going down and danger is over. About 25 small frame buildings nearest the river in Port Jervis are totally wrecked.

Destruction of Bridges and other Property at Pittston.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A dispatch from Pittston, Pa., states that all but the east span of the magnificent new bridge across the Susquehanna there was swept away early this morning, and the old bridge a quarter of a mile above, followed soon after. The Lackawanna bridge had previously gone down. The loss in bridge property alone is not less than half a million dollars. The flood is making terrible inroads on valuable property in West Pittston, having already forced the lower portion of the place, and the loss is considerable.

Died while on His way to Visit His Daughter.

NEW YORK, March 17.—John B. Dickinson, banker, who died suddenly yesterday at Chicago, was on his way to San Francisco to visit his daughter, Mrs. Sherwood.

Fire at Atlanta.

ATLANTA, March 14.—A fire this morning burned a number of stores. Loss $150,000; insurance about $80,000.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, March 17.—A fair business has been done in wool, but the prices remain without important change. Fine and medium can only be sold at low and unsatisfactory figures. Choice Pennsylvania and Ohio fleeces, that generally range from 80@100c, will show all other grades are not now so valuable as a year or more ago. While the latter are in demand, the former can only be forced off at a concession. The supply of wool on hand and firmness of the foreign markets would scarcely warrant this state of things, and there is likely to be a reaction before long. Ohio and Pennsylvania XX and medium grades have been at 43@50c; Michigan, 40@42½c; combing and Delaine fleeces, 55@60 for washed, and 45@50 for unwashed. There is a scarcity of fine and medium clothing XX, and deals are readily made at 42@55c, and small lots of choice Maine and Eastern superfine at 55@56c. California wools in fair demand at unchanged prices.

Licenses in case of Local Option.

HARTFORD, Feb. 17.—The local option repeal bill, which licenses law attached, after having been amended by the conference committee, passed both houses to-day.

Suspension of a Firm of Brokers.

BOSTON, March 17.—The *Traveller* reports that Beck Fox, stock brokers, have suspended. An examination of their books is in progress. James Beck, the junior partner, died at his residence Monday from an overdose of chloroform, taken to relieve pain.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Pinchback Postponed—He is to be Kept for a Check on a "Worse Man."

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The postponement of Pinchback's case was a sudden movement of his friends, determined, upon after a careful canvass showing his election by a direct vote. Their reasoning is that the Wheeler committee's admission may result in such a change in the Louisiana Legislature as will cause the election of somebody as Senator more objectionable than Pinchback; and that, in such a case, the latter may be admitted in order to exclude the other. This anticipation necessarily presumes that the Republican opposition is on expediency, not principle. All the Republicans opposed to Pinchback voted to postpone, except Christiancy and Hitchcock, who voted no. Edmunds was silent. The tendency of the present situation is to promote Casey's election to the Senate for the odd or Conway's short term against Pinchback irrevocably, and who fear the choice of a Conservative would seat Pinchback.

The Postal Murder Again.

Jewell says it is impracticable to enforce the modified postage on transient printed matter, as thousands of circulars were in the mail before the change of the law was discovered. Meantime can publish and take to inform the public that newspapers except which prepaid regularly by the office of publication, is one cent per ounce.

The Situation in Louisiana.

While nothing definite is ascertainable, the Wheeler compromise, forwarded to Kellogg, New Orleans, yesterday, is believed to grant one additional Conservative State senator, and give the Conservatives twelve majority in the lower House, which will fix the legislature on joint ballot on any party vote. If the compromise be accepted many think Spencer Hahn will vote for a Conservative sooner than for Carey or any body else not considered a *bona fide* friend of the Stars. His vote would settle the complication.

Nominations and Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Nominations: Albert Wyman, Assistant Treasurer United States; David P. Lowe, ex-Congressman from Kansas, Commissioner of Pensions vice J. H. Baker, now nominated U. S. Surveyor General for the District of Minnesota; ex-Governor Joseph Brooks of Arkansas, Postmaster at Little Rock; Alfred G. Hawley, Receiver of Public Moneys for Wyoming district.

Confirmed: Addison S. Lillin, naval officer for the port of New York.

Black Hills to be Opened.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Secretary Delano has taken steps to bring to Washington delegations of Sioux for the purpose of negotiating for the extinguishment of their right to the Black Hills country.

SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Immediately after the reading of the journal of yesterday's proceedings, the Senate, on motion of Hamlin, went into executive session.

Just after the Senate went into executive session, Boutwell submitted the following, which was laid over till to-morrow:

Resolved, That a special committee to examine the several branches of the civil service, with a view to the organization of the several departments thereof, be authorized to sit during the recess of the Senate, to employ a stenographer to administer oaths and send for persons and papers.

The resolution was submitted as public business, the doors being considered as constructively open. The Senate then took up the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty. Morrill, of Vermont, being entitled to the floor spoke in opposition to ratifying.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Spanish War News.

MADRID, March 17.—It is rumored that Gen. Elio has abandoned Don Carlos' cause. Advices from the South state that nine battalions of Carlists made a night attack upon the town of Sendugary, but were repulsed with great loss after two hours' fighting.

Business Suspensions in London.

LONDON, March 17.—Stordett & Co., general merchants, of Mark Lane, have suspended. Liabilities $200,000. Their suspension was caused by the failure of John C. Ingham & Co. Other suspensions are reported imminent.

The Turf.

LONDON, March 17.—The Lincolnshire handicap was won to-day by the Gunner, Kaiserscond, Maid Wildfire third.

The railroad companies will not begin their great work at Ogden much before May.

THE TILTON-BEECHER TRIAL.

Halliday Still Testifying.

NEW YORK, March 17.—In the Beecher trial to-day Halliday resumed his testimony, and related a conversation with Tilton in the presence of George A. Bell, in which Tilton denied the truth of the Woodhull publication; declared it entirely without foundation; that his wife was pure as light, and told Halliday to ask Beecher and he would say so. Tilton also said he wrote the Woodhull's life for the purpose of keeping her still. He also said he was in New Hampshire campaigning when he heard of the publication.

Tilton said if Beecher would go to church and tell them of the offense it would be so sleek they would overlook it. He spoke of Beecher's offense as being quite venial in its character.

Evans asked for a suspension of the examination of witness, in order to examine

Mrs. Lucy Mitchell.

Permission was given, and Halliday left the stand. Mrs. Mitchell, who nursed Mrs. Tilton during confinement, testified to the character of Mrs. Tilton's illness, and to her wifely character; also testified to knowing of Beecher's making calls, but not in the first attendance. Mrs. Tilton was very ill and weak during all her attendance. Mr. Tilton came to see her in the early part of the week. He was very much agitated. He said he was ruined, as he had been discharged from the *Union*. The children were all there at the time.

Witness was asked if she observed the effect of the conversation on Mrs. Tilton. Beach objected, and after short, argument question was allowed. Witness replied she appeared excited, and witness asked Tilton not to talk in the room, and he went out.

Saw Moulton at Tilton's, and they had a conversation in the room, next the sick room, which witness objected to, as it had a bad effect on Mrs. Tilton.

Witness said: I recollect one night Beecher visited Mrs. Tilton on Friday night, and outside a severe storm was raging. I left the house before Beecher's visit and returned after it. I was in bed asleep when he returned and Mrs. Tilton talking to his wife awakened me. I remonstrated with him and said I feared his wife would be cold. I think this was about midnight. Tilton remained in his wife's room about an hour. While I was in the study I heard Mrs. Tilton's voice in tones of entreaty. He came into the study to get paper and returned to his own room. When I returned I found Mrs. Tilton very nervous and agitated, and shortly after I went to bed I heard Tilton, when he was in his room, pacing the floor.

On one occasion when Tilton said he was ruined, Bessie Turner was in the room and appeared to be affected with excitement. She showed her feeling by sinking or falling on the sofa in a partial faint. I think she was weeping. After she received this information, during this week, Mrs. Tilton suffered from loss of blood.

Cross-examination by Fullerton.—Witness testified that on the occasion of Beecher's Friday night visits she let him in and went with him to Mrs. Tilton's room, left him and went down stairs and stayed till she heard him go out, which was in about an hour. Never took Beecher to leave the room, and she did not think anything about returning up stairs while he was there, as it was his habit to leave and go down stairs when any person came in. She did not go down stairs or leave the room when Moulton called, nor was Beecher present. She did not notice, after she returned, any writing materials in the room. There was a secretary in the room containing writing materials.

The court took a recess.

After recess the cross examination of Mrs. Mitchell was continued. She testified that the next day after the night Beecher came to see Mrs. Tilton she saw Moulton at Tilton's. He was part of the time in the room adjoining Mrs. Tilton's. May have been in her room, but she was not sure. Saw him also once in Mrs. Tilton's room, but didn't know the subject of their conversation.

Witness could not fix the time of night Tilton returned after Beecher's visit. Had no means of fixing the time. Heard Tilton inquiring to Beecher after the latter had went into the room and remonstrated with him. Couldn't hear what was said, but heard Mrs. Tilton's voice as she was speaking in a loud voice; witness thought it was an angry voice. Mrs. Tilton was feverish the next day she went there, but soon improved. The night Beecher called she was very low and weak, and had been during the day. When witness went down stairs and left Beecher with Mrs. Tilton, she didn't think he left him what the conversation was, but thought her quiet. Don't remember what condition Mrs. Tilton was in after Beecher left. Didn't observe it she was crying.

Re-direct examination.—Only elicited the fact that a number of persons called to see Mrs. Tilton during her illness, but the only gentlemen she ever saw in her room were Beecher and Moulton.

Re-cross examination.—Witness now recollect that after Beecher's visits Mrs. Tilton was weak, but couldn't recall any other feature of her condition.

John L. Gay,

a clergyman of Bloomington, Ind., was the next witness. He testified to Tilton's delivering a lecture before the male and female students of the State University at Bloomington February 9th, 1872, on the subject of marriage and divorce. The title was "Home, Sweet Home," and that he enunciated the broadest free love doctrines, telling the students that if any two of them loved each other and promised to be faithful to each other, that now made them one without the intervention of a priest. He also said as they came together, without formality, on their mere desire, without intervention of church or state, they could separate the same way; and these were the only rational views providing for children born of such unions, but the State should take care of them. Witness testified he had been here two weeks, and came on church business.

Cross-examined: Witness said he was written to twice by Shearman with reference to this case, and wrote him something of what he had testified. Not a dollar of his expenses had been paid him. After Tilton's lecture, witness addressed the meeting and Tilton made a reply. Thought the faculty of the university presided at the meeting. Tilton lectured before a similar audience the next day in the college chapel on the same subject; witness heard it; the solicitation of the officers and faculty of the university. He also heard that the students passed a resolution of thanks to Tilton for the lecture. Witness did not attend the second lecture, because he was disgusted with the first. Witness was a member of the faculty at that time, but resigned in consequence of persecution received for his action the night of Tilton's lecture. He was requested to resign.

Witness was then questioned with regard to, and gave his own views with reference to, marriage and divorce. He was also questioned with reference to some of Tilton's positions, and said he argued that desertion was a ground for divorce, or should, he blathered something about it. He reviewed the divorce laws of various States, and advocated their harmonization.

Re-direct examination.—After Tilton's lecture I said to the audience I never heard a more dangerous lecture, both as to place and audience. Tilton replied that he didn't wish to discuss the subject. He had been invited to deliver a lecture on the subject by the professors and students. This matter created feeling against witness, which increased till he was constrained to resign. There was a change in the divorce laws of Indiana the first session of the legislature after Tilton's lecture.

While ended Day's testimony, and the court adjourned.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Extra Session of the Brazilian Legislature.

RIO JANEIRO, March 17.—An extraordinary session of the Brazilian legislative assembly, called for the purpose of considering the budget and disorder in the country, convened to-day. The speech from the throne was delivered by the emperor in person.

THE FORCE BILL—WHO VOTED FOR IT.—Of 135 men who voted for this bill, the list telegraphed gives the names of 134, of whom only thirty-nine have been re-elected. Eight from Mississippi and California have yet to pass the ordeal. But eighty-seven—nearly two-thirds of the whole number—have already been defeated, disowned and discarded by the people. We give the list, and ask that it may be attentively examined by those who wish to know how the Republican party is being dragged to disgrace, if not to ruin, by its most worthless members. In the whole list there are but little more than a dozen men who have not been a burden and curse to their party. Some have been jobbers of the most notorious sort; some salary-grabbers; some chronic and blatant advocates of the most oppressive monopolies, and others distinguished only for gross incompetence. There are some exceptions. Maynard, Orth and Ward, of those left at home, and Hurlbut, Lawrence and Monroe, of those re-elected, have done something to build up the party in their respective States. But nearly all of these 134 men are simply worthless to the party, or something much worse.—*St. Louis Democrat (Republican).*

At the Cabinet session on the 9th inst. the question of the recognition of Garland as governor of Arkansas was discussed by all the members. As the result of this discussion the President announced to the Cabinet his determination to recognize the Garland government and request the different Cabinet officers to take the necessary steps to inaugurate the same official relations between the various departments of the general government and the State of Arkansas as exists between the departments and the other States of the Union.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

School Teachers in Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—At a meeting of the board of education last evening, a long report was presented going over the testimony and closing by recommending the discharge of all teachers who had paid money to secure positions, or had been guilty of any practices calculated to place the members of the board in a false position. The conduct of Director Bradley in borrowing money from teachers and maintaining such close connection with Owens, ex-janitor, was strongly censured. Five ladies and one gentleman are dismissed in accordance with the recommendation. This ends the case in the board. The matter will probably go before the grand jury.

Accidental Poisoning.

The coroner's jury yesterday, in the case of Samuel E. Oakley, who died from the effects of laudanum at the American Exchange hotel, Sunday last, found a verdict of death by an accidental overdose.

Murder in the Second Degree.

In the case of Thos. Banks on trial for killing Isaac Beard, the jury yesterday returned a verdict of murder in the second degree.

St. Patrick's Day in California.

Fine weather to-day for the celebration of St. Patrick's day. A large turnout is anticipated.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—The procession of Irish civic and military societies, now on the march, is a superior display to any previous celebration. The streets throughout the line of march are thronged with people, and business is practically suspended to a great extent. The line of march is along Fifth, Howard, Third, Market, Montgomery to Montgomery avenue; thence to Jackson, Kearney, Market, Ninth streets; countermarch to Fourth; thence to Howard to Union Hall. The length of the line is such that when the head of the line was marching on Kearney toward Market streets the rear was still filing from Third into Market streets, gay with flags and decorations. The weather was all that could be desired.

Sailing of the Constitution.

The P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Constitution* sailed from Panama via Acapulco, San Jose de Guatamala and Acazulto. She carried 106 passengers, 61 in cabin, $25,503 68 treasure, and 393 tons merchandise.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—Ophir 102½, B & B 49, H & N 46, Imperial 84, Alpha 101, Con Va 429, Exchequer 215, Justice 71, Lady Bryan 73, Bullion 23, Mexican 27¾, Savage 115, Belcher 342, S Nevada 112, Union 73, Caledonia 174, Baltimore 75, Dayton 22, Point 202, Empire 6, Confidence 16, California 602, Knickerbocker 4, Utah 68, Rock Island 34, G & Curry 182, Challar 68, Jacket 76, Succor 14, Julia 62, Globe 1½, S Hill 61, N Y 23.

EVENING BOARD.—Valley 82, R & Ely 42½, Eureka Con 19, Piche 5, Washington & C 25c, Am Flag 22, Belmont 52, Rye Patch 21, Prussian 21, Webfoot 80c, Eureka G, V 61, Mansfield 13½, Harriet 44, Ida Elmore 34, Mahogany 4, War Eagle 4, Idaho 22, Silver Cord 2, Poor Man 42, Occidental 4½, Senator 50c, Phil Sheridan 14, Am Flat 7, Tyler 62½c, Woodville 22, Mint 35c, Lady Washington 1½, Kossuth 3½, Andes 72, Wells Fargo 30c, N Carson 12, Omega 24, Cosmopolitan 45c, Niagara 62½, Leviathan 14.

A Rascally Attorney Absconds.

MONCTO, March 16.—It transpires now that the alterations in the indictment against Granice, were made by Seward, acting district attorney, who suddenly decamped on realizing he had become liable to a charge of felony.

The Desperadoes Heard From.

LOS ANGELES, March 17.—A petition was telegraphed to Gov. Pacheco to-day, by a few of the most influential citizens, asking a postponement of the execution of Tiburcio Vasquez. The petition is signed by some of the party who captured him. It is reported that Chavez has written threatening letters to individuals in this city, stating bloody vengeance will be taken if Vasquez is hanged.

News is received this evening of the murder of R. Perasich and his partner, Petrovich, at Darwin city. They were attacked by three men while eating at a restaurant. Perasich was instantly killed, and Petrovich fatally wounded. An Irishman and two Hebrows were the assailants. The former escaped, the other two were captured. One of them is a nephew of Asbin, a merchant of San Francisco. The trouble was about business matters.

Old Bender.

SAN DIEGO, March 17.—The *Union's* correspondent at Florence, Arizona, March 16, gives a long detailed interview with old John Bender, the Kansas murderer. He was very reticent at first, but after a desultory conversation of several hours, and being cornered, he confessed he was John Bender, and said that he did not commit murders, but it was done by John and Kate, his son and daughter, who did the deeds. He declined to give the whereabouts of his family, but says they went from Kansas to Texas, where they separated. He, taking the name of Deutch Miller, came to New Mexico and subsequently to Arizona. He says John and Kate were with the old woman. He was greatly agitated during the conversation, and sorely exercised as to his fate. A requisition from the governor of Kansas is daily expected, when he will be taken thither.

UTAH.

Obstructions by Snow.

SALT LAKE, March 17.—There were two extensive snow slides in Little Cottonwood canyon to-day, rendering it impassable. The telegraph line was demolished. The snow is melting in the valley, but accumulating in the mountains.

Judge McKean's Removal.

Notice was received here this evening of the removal of Judge McKean.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

A Serious Accident.

ALBANY, March 17.—While S. Montgomery and Fred Whitfield were riding in a buggy near this city, about noon to-day, a shot gun, loaded with bird shot, was accidentally discharged, Whitfield receiving a severe wound involving his right temple and ear, the ear being quite half torn away. He is now comfortable and will survive his injury.

IN DEATH NOT DIVIDED.—Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock, the town of Austin, located on the Northwestern Road, about nine miles west of the city, was thrown into great excitement by a terrible accident near the railroad depot, which cost the lives of Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Wood, of Burlington, Illinois. Mr. Wood and his wife were at the depot awaiting the arrival of the Sterling passenger train, leaving the city at 3:45 P. M., which was to convey them to Sycamore, Ill. The train arrived and switched to await the passage of a train from the opposite direction. They being in no hurry to board the train, waited for some minutes, and then leisurely strolled down the track where the train was standing. While so doing the train from the north came tearing around a curve and struck them, throwing Mrs. Wood a distance of twenty-five feet, killing her almost instantly. Mr. Wood was knocked down and the entire train passed over him, mangling him almost beyond recognition. Mr. Wood and his wife had been visiting for a few days at Mr. Kilmore's, at Austin, where the remains of each were taken after the sad occurrence. Mr. Wood was about 25 years of age, as was also his wife. They had been married only a short time!—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Gov. Garland, of Arkansas, has issued a proclamation revoking the offer of a reward of $1,000 for the arrest of V. V. Smith, and $500 for Wheeler, his Secretary of State.

LATEST NEWS ITEMS.

Pay Director William Brenton Boggs, United States navy, died at his residence in Georgetown, D. C., March 11th.

About sixty delegates from twelve different States assembled at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 11th inst., with the view of forming an independent political party, based upon an exclusive greenback basis as regards its financial policy. The meeting was held in accordance with a resolution adopted by the convention held at Indianapolis in November last. A. H. Horton, of Illinois, was elected chairman.

In the Canadian Parliament on the 10th inst., Mr. Dewdney, of Yale, introduced a bill to incorporate a company to build a Pacific railway from Three Rivers to the Pacific coast by private enterprise, the subscribed capital to be $10,000,000 in 100 shares.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily News* reports that the German government is irritated at the conduct of Spain in the *Gustav* affair, and at the clerical leanings of King Alfonso's ministers. He adds: "This feeling will find expression when the new Spanish ambassador presents his credentials to the emperor."

A woman unknown, called at the house of Mr. Beckwith, in Georgetown, D. C., on the 10th inst., and on being refused alms, left. Shortly after, she met a little niece of that gentleman, having in her arms his infant child, six weeks old, persuaded the girl to give the infant to her, and sent her off to a store to buy some candy. Since which time neither the woman nor the child has been seen or heard of.

A novel suicide is reported from Paris. An elderly man living in the Louvre quarter, having stopped up all the holes in his room, and arranged his affairs, turned on the gas, shut the door, and went out for an hour's walk. He then returned, got a lighted candle from the house porter, and proceeded to his room, which he opened suddenly. An explosion, of course, followed, and the man was burned almost to a cinder.

In Atlanta on the 10th inst., a negro barber committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart. He was one of a party who on the passage of the civil rights bill visited barrooms and other places of public resort, and demanded the same rights as white men. This conduct resulted in a loss of patronage. He bitterly regretted his conduct, and the depression caused by the loss of business was the only cause known for his suicide.

The Parliamentary election in Tipperary, which elected John Mitchel the second time, passed off quietly March 11th. About one-third of the constituency, including the Catholic clergy and leading tradesmen, abstained from taking part in the election. Moore, the Conservative candidate, had posted printed notices at all the polling places, stating that Mitchel was ineligible, and that all votes cast for him would be void. The counting is not completed, but it is estimated that Mitchel has a majority of 1,000.

Gold and silver mines have been discovered at Newburyport, Massachusetts, and Springfield capitalists have become interested in them. Wm. W. Shipman, the discoverer of the mines, is an old miner, and has been able to trace one vein three miles, which contains galena, iron, copper pyrites, carbonate of iron, quartz, and gold and silver. He has a shaft sunk, from which already has been taken $60,000. while the expenses of running the mine has only been $1,500. The mine averages $4,000 in silver and $18 of gold to the ton.

United States Minister Cushing presented his credentials to King Alfonso, March 11th. He said he had been instructed to strengthen the bonds of friendship between the two nations, and to convey to the king the wishes of the American people for the prosperity of Spain. He alluded to Alfonso's predecessors on the throne, and particularly to those who were illustrious for their furtherance of the discovery and civilization of America. He hoped the king would imitate them, and give peace and enlightened instruction to Spain.

A curious suit will come up in the May session of the county court at Milford, Pa. It is a twenty-year old affair, and grew out of an election bet. During the Buchanan-Fremont Presidential campaign, Maj. Colvin L. Seymour bet with Abraham Westfall several hundred acres of land that Fremont would be elected. Title deeds to both pieces of property were placed in the hands of Daniel Van Auken, district attorney of the county. Of course Seymour lost. The property has now risen in value tremendously. Several famous stone-quarries have been in operation there, and Mr. Seymour repents his bet. He brings suit against Westfall, on the ground that the whole transaction was illegal.

Mr. Thorne having been expelled from the North Carolina legislature, because he did not believe in "the God of their State Constitution," though he believed in a Supreme Being, the Virginia Senate is now called upon to expel one of its members, for a more practical offense. Samuel F. Maddox, a member of the Senate, assigned his pay to J. Ambler Smith, a member of Congress from Richmond, to cancel a debt. Notwithstanding this assignment, Mr. Maddox drew his pay and pocketed it, and he was thereupon arrested for "stealing." A practical test of the Civil Rights bill without the aid of the courts.

The business of the *Owyhee Avalanche* office has increased so much that "Old Hill," as the proprietor is called, has taken a partner in the management of the paper, in the person of J. S. Hays, Esq., a journalist of considerable experience in the Eastern States. We welcome Mr. Hays to the field of journalism on the Pacific slope.

WHY MR. CHASE LEFT THE LINCOLN CABINET.—I resigned the Secretaryship of the Treasury because I did not think I could hold it longer usefully to the country or honorably to myself. I did not resign because I saw any difficulty in the financial position which judicious administration and legislation could not easily overcome. On the contrary, I would have been willing to give bond and security to the amount of all I have, that, if supported according to my judgment of what was expedient and fit, I would make every greenback and national bank note par with gold in a year; or, if thought wiser, within six months. But I had the misfortune of incurring (how I know not, for I am unconscious of injuring either) the hostility of two leading members of the Cabinet, and I thought I could perceive indications that their hostility influenced the mind of Mr. Lincoln. While things were in this condition, the question of a successor to Mr. Cisco of New York came up, and the President declined to nominate the person recommended by me unless I could obtain the consent of one of the Secretaries, and those who thought as he did. There were some peculiar circumstances, connected with this occurrence, which made me feel that I could not expect to have the control in the Department which seemed to me essential to successful or honorable administration, and I could not help feeling that Mr. Lincoln would not take the course he did if he really desired me to remain at the head of the Department. I do not know how others may feel, but I could not reconcile it to my sense of duty to the country, to the President, or to myself to remain in an office where I could not be sure of being useful, or in an office held at the pleasure of the President, when I felt that my remaining in it was not entirely agreeable to him. He had never intimated a wish for my resignation; but this circumstance was nothing, when I felt that he did not really wish for my services. Hence I resigned, and I have always thought that I acted rightly.—*From a Letter of Judge Chase, dated March, 1864, and just published.*

The patent gas machine man and the regular gas man at Salem are passing at each other pretty roughly through the papers of that city.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The *Colonist* says the H. B. Co.'s boat, *Lady Langham*, has sailed for London.

Mr. John Gannon this week sold out his interest and a half in the Vancouver company to Mr. H. Roberts for $1,000.

J. S. Drummond, who resigned the Mayoralty of Victoria last week, again offers himself as a candidate for the same position.

It is expected that Capt. Parson's new steamer *Royal City* will be ready to take her place on the Fraser river early in April.

Moody's wharf, at New Westminster, has been repaired and extended, with a view, one paper says, to the reception of railway iron.

Mr. Hyson's agent at Alert bay writes that the Yukilkaw Indians have robbed two canoes of Northern Indians, leaving them naked on the beach.

The bark *Clifton* reports sighting the ship *Blue Jacket*, from Victoria with lumber for Melbourne, 40 miles south of Cape Flattery, on Thursday morning last week. She was bearing southwest.

The Harbor at Victoria was very rough last week. On Friday the steamship *Mohongo* started from the wharf about 7 o'clock in the morning and ran up the harbor with the intention apparently of turning, but the wind proving too strong she was forced to anchor abreast of Booth's shipyard, near the first bridge. She came head to it and made a second attempt to run out. On arriving abreast of the Government buildings, however, she was again brought to a stand. She subsequently got away at about 8 o'clock and ran into the straits, where the gale was met in all its fury, and the steamer was put about and anchored in Royal Roads about 12 o'clock.

The Yukilinaws, a tribe of Indians on Alert bay, still follow their old practices. Early in winter they killed a Bibilla Indian. During the winter a Tsawadyno Indian (a chief), returning from Victoria and encamping with the Yukilaws, at Salmon river, was dangerously stabbed by one of them, and Mr. Hyson learns that the Tsawadyno tribe, who winter near Alert bay, have now a war party at Cape Mudge to attack the Yukilaws. The whites along the coast are greatly alarmed. Mr. H. McClon settled at Kliskeewie, 12 miles south of Fort Rupert. After setting out an orchard, and otherwise improving his farm, he feels so much startled as to be inclined to abandon the place. The immediate visit of a gunboat to the disturbed district seems necessary, and a fitting resident agent should, as soon as possible, be placed amongst the Quakiole nation, to which the Yukiltaws, Tsawadynos and Billhilla, or Hyeoltsuks, all belong.

OREGON.

A little son of Wm. Lewis, of Salem, fell off a lounge last Monday and broke his right arm. The lad is only 4 years old.

Gov. Grover has reappointed James Riley of Harrisburg, and J. M. Morgan, of Halsey, Linn county, notaries public for Oregon.

Articles of incorporation of Prineville Grange were filed in the office of the Secretary of State, March 16th. Incorporators: J. B. Lafollette, J. A. Gulliford, D. W. Claypool, J. M. Powell, Elisha Barnes, John Powell, Thos. Lister, David Templeton, J. K. Snoderly and E. N. White; principal office, Prineville, Wasco county; capital stock, $10,000 U. S. gold coin.

We have been informed by a gentleman who has recently arrived from the Dalles, that the reports of the loss of sheep have been greatly exaggerated. Of Tarlton & Tarr's band in Antelope valley, Wasco Co., of 2,000 head, only 20 were lost during the severe weather; and on the adjoining ranch (Vidler's) out of 1,500 head but 10 died. The animals were not fed during the cold weather, but good shelter did much to save them.

The *Statesman* says: Capt. A. H. Denny, who lives about one mile from Bethel and four miles from the river, in Polk county, has recently discovered on his farm a valuable coal mine. The vein is six feet thick and a road taken to the blacksmith shop, at Zena, shows the fact that it is in every way equal to the Bellingham Bay and Nanaimo co

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1875.

A LEGAL QUESTION.

We allow space this morning for the publication of an examination of the decision of the U. S. Circuit Court in the case of *Neff vs. Pennoyer*, because we regard the question involved as of public concern. We are unwilling, however, to permit the matter to pass without expressing our dissent from the writer, both as to his mode of reasoning and as to his conclusions. The case of *The United States vs. Shaw Muy*, which arose on an Indian reservation, and was decided some two years since, is referred to, though irrelevant, as we conceive, to the subject under discussion, and it is claimed that the United States sustains simply treaty relations to the Indian community on the reservation, and therefore the United States is, for all practical purposes, a foreign government to the Indian community, and cannot exercise jurisdiction to punish crimes committed therein by persons belonging thereto. The view taken by our correspondent entirely overlooks the fact that notwithstanding the treaty relations between the Indian tribes and the government, the *territory* occupied by the Indians has always been held to be a part of the domain of the United States and subject to its jurisdiction for all the purposes of restraining, protecting and civilizing the Indians, and, as a necessary incident, for punishing offenses against the peace and order of the Indian community. The relations between the government and the Indian tribes are *sui generis*, and any reasoning with respect to those relations, which is founded on the assumption that the Indian communities are foreign governments in the sense in which England and France are foreign governments, leaves out of consideration all the most important fundamental facts, and must lead to erroneous and untenable conclusions.

In the case of *Neff vs. Pennoyer*, which is the objective point of our correspondent's criticism, the fallacy of his argument and the consequent unsoundness of his conclusion, arise from a misapprehension of the true functions of the judicial department of the State government in the administration of its laws. The power of the State over property within its limits is supreme, and therefore the State legislatures may enact such laws for the disposition of such property by judicial proceeding, as they may deem proper to protect the rights of individuals. But it is utterly illogical to reason that after such laws have been made, prescribing certain preliminary steps which must be taken in every case before any such judicial proceedings are had, a judgment taken without such preliminary steps first had, is to be given full faith and credit. A judgment entered by a court that has not obtained jurisdiction in the case according to law is no judgment, and may be disregarded and held for naught in any court where it is offered as the foundation of a right. Any decision of the highest court of the country may be, and should be, treated as a nullity in any other court, even the lowest in the country, if it appears there was a want of jurisdiction in the court that gave the decision. This is a rule as old as the law itself, and we are aware of no case in which it was ever judicially questioned. Indeed, the Supreme Court of the United States, in a late case, cited by Judge Deady in the *Neff-Pennoyer* case, went so far as to hold that when the record of the State court showed that all the jurisdictional prerequisites had been complied with, the Federal court, being in legal contemplation a foreign forum, might enter into an investigation of the question whether that part of the record was true, and, if found untrue, might treat the judgment as a nullity.

The decision of the Circuit Court in the case of *Neff vs. Pennoyer* decided nothing contrary to the right of the State to exercise supreme power over the disposition of property within its limits; it decided, simply that a person cannot obtain a valid title through that exercise of the State's power until the court in which the proceedings for that purpose are taken has lawfully acquired jurisdiction of the case.

DOWN WITH THE TIMES!

The *National Republican*, the recognized organ of the White House, is as much grieved at the course of the New York *Times* as is the Portland *Bulletin*. The *Times* remarking on the passage of the Force bill through the House of Representatives, said: "Congress is pursuing a fatal course—fatal not only to the Republican party but to the Government itself and to all the principles on which it was based," and added that the passage of the bill "puts us back in the art of governing men more than a hundred years."

This was too much for the *National Republican* to bear, and argument in favor of the Force bill being impossible, the *Times* is vigorously denounced as a "traitor to the Republican party;" its editorial corps are spoken of as "the New York *Times* gang" who have "wittingly entered into a combination to disgrace the Republican party," and who "are all cowards and cowards of the most abject and despicable kind." But the *National Republican* finds some crumbs of comfort in the fact that "nobody cares a fig for the opinions of such a supreme ass" as the editor of the *Times*.

It may strike the mind of the reader as strange that such language as this should be indulged in concerning the leading Republican journal of America, which the New York *Times* certainly is. It must have committed some offense of graver character than merely criticising the action of the Republican House of Representatives. The wound must have struck nearer home. The inference is true, and the explanation is found in another paragraph, where it is declared with as great solemnity as if the charge were an indictment for high treason, that the editor of the *Times* has so far forgotten the obligations of his allegiance as to "bring that paper out in direct opposition, not only to the expressed will of the majority of the Republican party, *but to the evident wishes of the administration.*" Here is the climax of the *Times'* offending; and it is a climax that should fill every true Republican with loathing for the perfidious journal that would be guilty of so heinous a crime. Not content to array itself in direct opposition to the majority of the Republican party—though that were bad enough, in all conscience—it has even been guilty of the ineffable treachery of opposing "*the evident wishes of the administration.*" Such dastardly conduct deserves summary treatment. The tardy justice of public sentiment is utterly inadequate to the demands of the case, especially since public sentiment is in the same vicious way as the *Times* on the subject of the Force bill. Let the office of the *Times* be seized at once by the indignant people—that is, the Federal officials—and thrown into the Hudson, without waiting for time or circumstances to make things even. Away with it!—the vile sheet that has arrayed itself "in opposition to the evident wishes of the administration."

INFORMATION CONCERNING OREGON.

Mr. Paul Schulze, Secretary of the Land Department of the Oregon and California Railway Company, has handed us a copy of a pamphlet, prepared under the auspices of the company, exhibiting the resources of Oregon and the inducements it offers to immigrants. From a hurried glance over its pages, we think the contents of the pamphlet are truthfully summed up in its title: "Oregon: Facts Regarding its Climate, Soil, Mineral and Agricultural Resources; Means of Communication, Commerce and Industry, Laws, etc., etc." It has two maps, one of the western part of Oregon, showing Government and railway lands, so far as the public surveys have been extended, and the other an outline map of the United States. The pamphlet is intended for gratuitous distribution, for the aid of immigrants seeking information as to the best locations for homes, and will be very useful to such persons, as it appears to be, in all material particulars, entirely reliable.

The removal of Judge McKean of Utah, following so soon after the displacement of Governor Woods, certainly looks as if the President had determined upon a material modification of his policy toward the Mormon hierarcy. And this suggestion receives additional force from the dispatch published yesterday, telling of the unkind reception accorded to Woods at Washington. McKean may be what the President is reported to have called him, namely, a fanatic and a tyrant; but we opine that the peculiar form of fanaticism manifested by him in his dealings with the law-defying Saints, and the peculiar way in which he has exercised a tyrannical disposition, by bringing up with a round turn the contumacious apostles and prophets of the polygamous sect, have the hearty approval of the sort of people in America whose approval is worth having.

The Chicago *Times'* Washington correspondent says the best parliamentarians are of opinion that the bounty bill was never legally passed by the Senate, although it received the signature of the presiding officer of that body, and was sent to the President for his signature. The point on which this opinion rests is that when the bill had been amended by the Senate, after its passage by the House, it went to a conference committee, and the report of that committee, announcing the assent of its members representing the House, to the Senate amendments, was not adopted by the Senate, but was laid on the table and never afterwards taken up. This, it is claimed, in parliamentary law, killed the bill. The question is important only as a precedent, since the President refused to sign the bill.

The Chicago *Times* says the Forth-Third Congress "did nothing good that it could avoid doing, and left undone no evil that it could do."

CONCERNING A LEGAL DECISION.

LONG TOM, March 13, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I noticed in your paper of the 10th inst. a lengthy decision given by Judge Deady in the United States circuit court in the case of Neff vs. Pennoyer. Some two years ago the same learned Judge announced a decision in the case of the United States vs. Shaw Muy, in which he held that his court had jurisdiction to punish offenders belonging to a community with which the United States Government held simply treaty relations. I then addressed a letter to the *Herald*, (then published by Mr. Bellinger), in which I made the inquiry as to where the learned Judge got the power to sentence in his court, to imprisonment, any person belonging to a community so distinct from the Federal Government that such Government held with such community simply treaty relations? That question of mine, asked two years ago, has never been answered.

The decision published in your issue of the 10th has opened up to me another question fully as difficult of solution. And as the decision in the case of Neff vs. Pennoyer, if sound law, is of the greatest importance to the people of this State, inasmuch as by it a citizen of Oregon, who has been for nearly nine years in the peaceable enjoyment of his property by virtue of judicial proceedings of the State courts, is now deprived of it by a collateral proceeding in a Federal court, I should really like to have the questions arising in my mind fully answered. In this case the court, at the outset, announces the doctrine that "the power of the State over the property within its limits, of non-residents, is "*supreme*," and that "the State may subject such property to such disposition by their tribunals as may be necessary to protect the rights of its own citizens." This doctrine is sound, and, as the Judge well puts it, is "admitted on all hands." In pursuance of that power the courts of Oregon had subjected the property within its limits, of Marcellus Neff, a non resident, to such disposition as was thought necessary in order to protect the rights of his own citizen—J. H. Mitchell. But now comes the Federal court, gravely announcing itself as "a tribunal of a different sovereignty" from the courts of this State, and in a collateral proceeding sets entirely aside the judicial act of the courts of Oregon, in regard to property over which the power of the State, as had just been asserted, was "supreme."

Hence there arises in my mind this simple question: Can the power of a State, exercised by the judicial department thereof, be "supreme," when such power can be nullified in a collateral proceeding held in "a tribunal of a different sovereignty?" In logic such an assumption would be scouted as most ridiculous. Is it any the less so in law? Either the proposition that the power of a State, as exercised by the judicial department thereof, over property within its limits is supreme, is an unsound proposition, or it is the sound, the decision of "a tribunal of a different sovereignty" which in a collateral proceeding attempts to set aside the fiat of the State, is erroneous. One or the other of the horns of this dilemma must be bestrode. The veriest tyro in logic must concede this. The *supreme power* of a State over the property within its limits, as exemplified in Judge Deady's decision, is very like the *unlimited privilege* to swim, given by the old dame to her daughter, as told in nursery rhymes:

O mother, may I go and swim?
O yes, my charming daughter.
Hang your clothes on a hickory limb,
But don't go near the water!

Can the right of a State over the property within its limits be called "supreme" while, at the same time, the power resides (as is claimed and exercised by the Federal court in this case) in "a tribunal of a different sovereignty," in collateral proceeding and not on appeal, to overhaul, after a lapse of eight years, the papers filed in a case adjudicated by the State courts, some of which may be lost, others of which—as the judge affirms of the papers filed in the case of M. v. N.—are put "together pell-mell," "in utter disregard of the statute," while others still, as he again affirms, are omitted entirely, thereupon to pass upon the same questions decided by such court; to construe the statute of a State to include papers in the judgment roll contrary to its plain wording, and contrary to the only precedent cited, and by such "free and easy procedure" to set aside the decision of the State courts affecting property within State limits? If such power exists in the Federal courts, the proposition that the power of a State is supreme over the property within its limits is a most monstrous absurdity, a fraud and a delusion. This is a plain deduction of reason and common sense, and it cannot be gainsaid or overcome. On the other hand, if the power of a State over the property within its limits is *really* supreme, and that fact, the learned judge affirms, is "admitted on all hands," then we hold that it must necessarily follow that any and all adjudications *affecting such property* by the State courts should have *full* faith and credit in all other courts of the United States, and that they cannot be inquired into by the Federal court except upon appeal. The announcement of sound law in regard to the supreme power of a State over property within its limits, made at the outset of the decision, is the beacon-light which plainly shows the quick-sands on which the judge was stranded in his subsequent rulings.

A. PLOWMAN.

BORN:

In this city, March 17, to the wife of I. Simon, a daughter.

MARRIED:

At Horseshoe Bend, Idaho, March 1, James Nash and Mrs. Kate Moore.

In Ada county, Idaho, Feb. 23, B. L. Jones and Miss Ida Gray.

DIED:

In this city, March 17, Eugene Crowne, aged 46 years.

Funeral from his late residence, this afternoon at two o'clock. Friends of the family invited.

Walla Walla papers please copy.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST BREEDING CAGES and BABY CARRIAGES are at Ackerman's Dollar Store.

$40 ACRES OF FARMING LAND, WELL located (2½ miles from R. R. depot) for sale ($16.50 per acre) or exchange for city property, by JOHN WILSON, 107 Third st.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS OF MULTNOMAH TRIBE NO. 6, I. O. R. M., will meet at their Wigwam at 1 o'clock sharp, March 18, to attend the funeral of their brother, Eugene Crone. By order of Sachem. H. M. HUDSON.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS OF WILLAMETTE TRIBE NO. 6, I. O. R. M., will meet at their Wigwam at 1 o'clock sharp, March 18, to attend the funeral of our brother Eugene Crone. By order of Sachem. R. SCHMEER.

NOTICE.

MEMBERS OF MULTNOMAH AND ONEONTA Tribes, I. O. R. M., and all brother Red Men in good standing are requested to attend the funeral obsequies of Bro. E. Crone.

THE WOMEN'S GUILD OF TRINITY CHURCH, Will hold a

FAIR!

Commencing on MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1875, In connection with which they will give an OLD FOLKS' TEA PARTY. Particulars hereafter.

ENTERTAINMENT AND GRAND BALL!

Given by Concordia Grove No. 1, U.A.O.D. AT TURRN VEREIN HALL, ON MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1875.

Tickets, (admitting Gentleman and Ladies), $2 50.

Tickets can be had of the undersigned Committee of Arrangements, and at the door.

P. WAGNER, G. CASTENDIECK, WM. MAST, F. EILERS, MORITZ BALL.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1875, I will sell a large and desirable assortment of

New & Second-Hand Furniture

Consisting of Parlor, Dining, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, Carpets, Mattresses, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

ALSO, Groceries, Cigars, and other Merchandise.

ALSO, A Choice variety of PLANTS in bloom. ORNAMENTAL and SHADE TREES.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

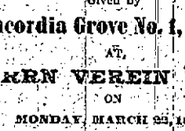
L. H. WAKEFIELD JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO., DEALERS IN CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH, And all Kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce. San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, SHADES, VALENCES, CURTAINS,



A well selected and large stock. Also, Mouldings for Cornices and Pictures, at the lowest prices, by the OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

EASTERN AND CALIFORNIA— At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO., DEALERS IN Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass, 75 Front Street.

THE LAST NOVELTY! Mulligan Guard Paper Collar! For sale by FISHEL & ROBERTS, Cor. First & Washington sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

AN EVENING WITH American Poets & Humorists! AT THE UNITARIAN CHAPEL, Thursday, March 18, 1875, At 8 o'clock precisely.

ILLUSTRATIONS FROM Whittier, Longfellow, Holmes, Willis, Bryant, Pierpont, Bret Harte, Mark Twain, &c., &c., by J. McCRAKEN, G. A. DOBINSON, Dr. J. B. PILKINGTON, Miss CARDINELL, Miss MACK, Mrs. D. F. SMITH, And several other Ladies and Gentlemen.

Proceeds to be applied to the New Church Fund.

The Audience is respectfully requested to be seated before the readings begin.

Tickets 50 cents—to be obtained of Mr. George L. DeFranz, (Buchtel, Stolte & Morse's Art Gallery,) 77 First st.

NEW ADELPHI THEATER Over Fino Block.

BRIGGS & BLISS.....Sole Proprietors CHARLES NICKERSON.....Stage Manager

Open Every Evening with a full VARIETY TROUPE Of Talented Lady and Gentlemen Artists.

SINGING, DANCING, NEGRO FARCES, FUNNY SAYINGS, &c., &c.

FUN! FUN! FUN! NIGHTLY.

Admission 50 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents.

THE German Aid Society OF THIS CITY WILL GIVE A Bazar and Grand Ball! ON APRIL 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1875, AT THE SKATING RINK!

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

Sheriff's Sale.

I will sell at Store on Front street, between Washington and Alder streets, THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1875, At 10 o'clock A. M., The entire Stock of the "WAKEE COMPANY," Consisting of Chinese Teas, Rice, Clothing, Shoes, Rice Pans, Crockery, Chinese Ware, Rattan Chairs, Chinese Eggs, Preserved Fis, Lacquered Ware, Flower Pots, Store Fixtures, One Large Iron Safe.

E. J. JEFFERY, Sheriff of Multnomah County. A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

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M. P. Deady, President. H. Failing, Vice President. P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer. M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary. Henry A. Ozer, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

YAMHILL Pole-Oak Firewood.

ALL PARTIES WHO DESIRE THIS SUPERIOR article of wood for next winter's use will please hand in their orders now, as the wood must be cut now for seasoning. It seasons "as hard as iron and as heavy as lead," and burns longer than stone coal, giving out great heat. In this connection we would call the attention of consumers of wood to the fact that the slower growth Ash and Oak of the highlands of Washington and Yamhill counties, where all our wood is cut, is harder and more economical for use than similar wood from the Columbia river bottoms. We offer NO "COTTONWOOD" for sale. H. E. LIPPINCOTT, Agent Portland Wood and Coal Yard. mar18dt

THE STANDARD MAP OF PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND and ALBINA, Oregon, with all the Additions and adjacent Lands, prepared and published from the latest records, by W. S. CHAPMAN, City Surveyor for several years of Portland and East Portland. The numbering of all Lots and Blocks is plainly shown.

These Maps are colored, varnished, and mounted on cloth, with rollers.

Price in currency, including postage, $5 00. For sale by J. K. GILL & CO., Booksellers & Stationers, mar16dtm Portland, Oregon.

At Private Sale. A Steinway & Sons' PIANO, nearly new can be had at a bargain

House for Rent and Furniture for Sale.

One of the most desirable Residences in the city, fine location. The house has all the modern improvements and is elegantly finished. Rent very low. Furniture is first class, and can be sold to the tenant at much less than cost. Inquire of OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING; Also, choice qualities for Home Consumption, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES. RUMMELIN & GUTMANN, Manufacturing Furriers, 56 First street, between Stark and Oak. feb18d2p3m

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CLARKE, & HENDERSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

First Arrivals of the Season!

WE HAVE JUST OPENED SEVERAL CASES of NEW SPRING GOODS!

To which we would call special attention.

PARASOLS,

Silk, Alpaca and Gingham, Plain and Twilled, in all colors; the largest stock we have ever received at one time.

RUCHES,

In Lace, Blonde, Crepe, &c. An immense variety.

NEW NECKTIES, NEW HANDKERCHIEFS, NEW EMBROIDERIES.

BLACK DRESS GOODS, CASHMERE, &C.

FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Domestics, Sheetings, Quilts, Napkins, Damasks, Towels.

A NEW STOCK OF HATHAWAY SHIRTS!

Many of these Goods we will offer at considerably lower prices than heretofore.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMOVAL.

OSVOLD & AYERS, Boot and Shoe Makers, HAVE REMOVED TO STARK STREET, bet. First and Second mar5dtm

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS made to order, go to J. BRADY, No. 5 Washington Street Repairing promptly attended to.

Premium Carriage Factory

E. SMITH, CARRIAGE MAKER, Cor. Jefferson and Front Streets, PORTLAND, OREGON, Is now making First-Class EXPRESS WAGONS, BUGGIES and CARRIAGES of all kinds.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

At the Oregon State Fair, recently held at Salem, Mr. E. Smith was awarded the First Premium on an Open and also on a Top Buggy. The latter was built from a design published in the June number of *The Carriage Monthly*, styled "Monitor Piano-Box Buggy," and called much admiration.—*The Philadelphia Carriage Monthly.*

Mr. E. Smith, of Portland, has on exhibition at the State Fair, a Buggies; both Open and Top, and certainly exhibits good workmanship as can be found on the Coast, while several very important improvements have been added, especially as ironing the same and not to weaken the axles, by putting the bolts through the same. The commendable enterprise that Mr. Smith has displayed, we understand, is being amply rewarded in our city. He will be awarded the first Premium.—*Oregonian.*

Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker, of Portland, exhibited one Open and one Covered Buggy upon the Fair Grounds, which deserve special mention. These Carriages are especially light and durable, and those in need of such a purchase—and who isn't—should call upon him before purchasing elsewhere. Of this Mr. Smith bore off the blue ribbons.—*New Northwest.*

Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker, corner of Front and Jefferson streets, took two Premiums at the State Fair for First-Class Buggies. This speaks well for his work, and is a credit to Portland.—*Pacific Christian Advocate.*

HOME MANUFACTURE.—Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker, of this city, has some splendid Vehicles on exhibition at the Fair.—*Temperance Star.*

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES, S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour. Riding, $1 50 per hour. To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person. To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple. Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.

All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

OSCAR KILBOURN, AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

M. AINSA, FORWARDING & COMMISSION, UMATILLA, OREGON.

I AM PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONSIGNments of Goods to be forwarded to all parts of Oregon.

CHARGES: Storage and Forwarding, one month.....$1 00 Cartage.....1 00—$2 00

If I am liberally patronized I intend to have all Goods in transit insured against any risk of fire. All freights and charges paid on consignments. mar8dtm M. AINSA, Portland.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT.

GEO. MORROW & CO. GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, DEALERS IN CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco

Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn mar12d6m

SIGNS! SIGNS! SIGNS!

WM. P. BERGER, Practical Painter. Shop, No. 40 Morrison st., bet. Second and Third.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF Plain, Ornamental and Fancy Signs with neatness and dispatch. Gilding on Glass, Banner and picture painting a specialty. Also, Graining, Paper Hanging, and house work in all its branches done in a superior manner. Give me a call.

FANCY FOWLS.

HATCHING EGGS OF THE FINEST BREEDS for sale at MARTIN'S Central Market. mar8dtm

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT, CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steamship IDAHO, FRED. BOELES.....Commander, Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at Foot of F street, for the above port MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1875, At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA, CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller CALIFORNIA, JOHN HAYES.....Commander, Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports, THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1875, At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE. THE FAVORITE STEAMER EASTPORT, J. F. WHITNEY.....Master. EUREKA, C. H. BUTLER.....Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with steamers at Coos Bay. F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay; D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 106 Davis street, near California. oct5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take cars at 7:30, connecting at Yamhill on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight: Corvallis to Portland.....$2 50 Albany and Salem.....2 00 Harrisburg.....3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton. Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. RILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 6 o'clock A. M. FOR WALLULA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M. FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 5 A. M. FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday), at 6 A. M. For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skamokawaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M. For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President. W. C. AINSWORTH, Secretary.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co. Special Notice!

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE Rates between Portland and The Dalles will be as follows: Freight.....Ten Dollars per Ton Passage.....Five Dollars

March 1, 1875. J. C. AINSWORTH, President. mar12tf1m

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Steamer BEAVER—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO! INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER, OHIO, Leaves Pacific Wharf, foot of Salmon st., SATURDAY, March 20, for Harrisburg and all intermediate points on the Willamette river.

U. B. SCOTT, Master. M. O. LOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

Portland & Vancouver Packet. THE STEAMER VANCOUVER, JAS. W. TROUPE, Master.

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM FOOT OF Alder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN, Architects, Office—Room 17, Dekum's Building.

H. W. DILG, Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger, Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice and safes repaired at short notice and in models made to order. Patent No. 1estyle. Bells hung in the latest style. Patent dtf 4m

WINDOW GLASS. 100 Boxes AT COST OF IMPORTATION FROM ENGLAND Sizes from 16x24 to 28x38, IN LOTS TO SUIT. FOR SALE BY, GEO. L. STORY, PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

REMOVED. DR. J. R. CARDWELL, Dentist, Has removed to Room No. 4, Dekum's Building, cor. First and Washington streets.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER, COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS. Auction Sales OF REAL ESTATE, GOODS AND GENERAL CHANDISE CONSIGNED Sale Days—Wednesday and Regular and Peremptory Furniture, Groceries, Merchandise, SATURDAY MARCH 20, AT 10 A. M. One HORSE, DR[illegible] HARNESS, GROCERIES. 50 bxs Navy [illegible] 8,500 La Matilde [illegible] 275 bxs C. O. [illegible] 200 bxs Fancy [illegible] 50 chests Jap[illegible] 50 bxs Wash[illegible] DRY GOODS [illegible] 20 sets Stoc[illegible] 8 doz. C[illegible] 5 doz Egg[illegible] PICTURE [illegible] HAT RACK[illegible] BEDROOM [illegible] FURNITURE [illegible] A. B. RICHARDSON.

INSURANCE.

NORTH BRI[illegible] and MERCANTI[illegible] INSURANCE

Established - [illegible]

ED. HAI[illegible] Agent for Or[illegible] Office, 106 Fron[illegible]

Fireman's Fund Insura[illegible] OF CALIFORNIA. FIRE AND MARIN[illegible] Assets Exceed - $622[illegible] OREGON BRA[illegible] 98 Front Street, corner of [illegible] EDWARD HALL, [illegible]

THE STATE Investment & Insur[illegible] COMPANY. OF SAN [illegible]SCO. FIRE AND MARI[illegible] Incorporated in 187[illegible] Cash Assets, - $4[illegible]

OFFICERS: PETER DONAHUE, [illegible] BRYANT, Vice Pres[illegible] CHARLES [illegible]SHING, S[illegible]

This Company has [illegible] surance combines [illegible] [illegible] with the Lowest Paying [illegible] according to its own [illegible] The undersigned, [illegible] been appointed Agents for the above [illegible] are [illegible] to accept applications [illegible] Policies and Marine risks at [illegible] rates.

A. E. ROTHLISBERG & [illegible] Office—Front Street, [illegible] General Agents for Oregon [illegible] N. B.—Agents wanted throughout [illegible] Territory.

E. CORBETT'S Livery, Hack & Feed St[illegible] (FIRE [illegible] COR. SECOND AND [illegible] Reasonable Charges for Hire. [illegible] Attention paid to Boarding [illegible]

OBSERVATIONS.

Riding, $1 50 per hour. Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour. To boats, 50 cents each p[illegible] Funerals, $5 per Hack. To and from Balls and Par[illegible] $ a couple.

Orders left at STABLE or [illegible] promptly attended to at ni[illegible]

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEE[illegible] Field, Flower & Garden [illegible] NEW STOCK JUST [illegible] RIVED FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TR[illegible] Of all descri[illegible] WHALE OIL and CARBOL[illegible] ing Insects. Also, Trellises, [illegible] Send for Catalogue. HACHESEY & STE[illegible] First and [illegible]

WM. PFUNDER, APOTHECARY AND CHE[illegible] DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE, Corner of First and Oak [illegible] PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

SEED WHEAT.

CHILI CLUB FOR SALE

EVERDING & FARRE[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY, MORNING, MARCH 18, 1[illegible]

CITY.

ON THE TRACK.—Deputy Sheriff J. W. [illegible]ker, of Yamhill county, arrived in this c[illegible] yesterday. He is on the track of James C[illegible] *alias* Smith, who broke from the county [illegible] at Lafayette on Thursday, 11th inst. Mr. [illegible]kerjsucceeded in tracking the fugitive down [illegible] Milwaukie, where he found he had left [illegible] shoes, having exchanged them for a pair [illegible] boots. The shoes were readily identified [illegible] Mr. Baker, and the description given him, [illegible] the appearance of the owner, was also id[illegible] tical. After crossing the river from the w[illegible] to the east side, Cook came northward. [illegible] ker succeeded in tracking him as far as [illegible] car-shops, but could learn nothing further [illegible] the fugitive beyond that point. Cook [illegible] doubtless lurking somewhere in the vicin[illegible] of East Portland. He does not seem [illegible] anxious to make his escape from the count[illegible] Cook is about 5 feet 8½ inches high, rath[illegible] heavy set; will weigh in the vicinity of [illegible] pounds; is an Englishman; a little ne[illegible] sighted; about 22 years old; fair skin, li[illegible] complexion; has no beard. On the mid[illegible] finger of his right hand is a ring tatooed. A reward of $50 is offered for the apprehensi[illegible] of Cook, and as the circuit court will co[illegible] here at Lafayette next week, the light of l[illegible] countenance will be most welcom[illegible] He was arrested on a charge of burglary.

A VERY SEVERE ACCIDENT.—Through a p[illegible] vate letter written from Oregon City, we lea[illegible] that a sad accident occurred on Tuesday afte[illegible] noon, at the flouring mill of Miller, Marsha[illegible] & Co., of that place. It appears that a youn[illegible] man, Richard E. Williams, an employe of th[illegible] company, was endeavoring to pick up a floo[illegible] door which was lying on the floor near its [illegible] machinery of the mill. In doing so he ha[illegible] occasion to lean over a pile of sacks filled wit[illegible] wheat. Just as he reached the door and was [illegible] trying to roll and threw him in such a positio[illegible] that his left leg was caught in the cogwheel o[illegible] the machinery. The tibia and fibula were [illegible] crushed from the foot to the knee. He also [illegible] sustained injuries in the small of the back [illegible] and in the left shoulder. Dr. Rose, Parke[illegible] and Smith amputated the leg above the knee. [illegible] At last accounts, he appeared to be resting [illegible] tolerably easy, though he complains of a se[illegible] vere pain in the back. He is a young man [illegible] well liked in the community. Strong hope[illegible] are entertained of his recovery.

GRANGER SYMPATHY.—It seems that the Pa[illegible] rons of Husbandry, in their mutual good wi[illegible] for each other, do not let their sympathy fo[illegible] an afflicted brother exhaust itself in words. Mr. J. S. Dickinson, residing a few miles from Portland, having lost his house and furniture by fire last week, Mt. Tabor Grange held a meeting, when the following was adopted:

Whereas, Brother Dickinson has lost his house, furniture and clothing by fire, and his family are rendered homeless; therefore,

Resolved, That the members of this Grange show their sympathy for Brother Dickinson by contributing such amounts as their pecuniary circumstances will admit for his relief and the assistance of his family.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published, and that the members of our Order be requested to take such action as their [illegible] eral obligations may dictate.

BOAT FOUND.—A letter was received from Umatilla yesterday, which states that in the search for the body of the late Capt. R. B. Randall, the boat in which he was sailing had been discovered. It was floating keelupward, with all the sails set and still fastened. Capt. R. was known to be very skillful and [illegible] ceed in the management of a sail-boat, and he doubtless had so much confidence in his ability to manage the craft that, instead of holding the [illegible] in his hand, he had tied it with a cord. A sudden squall of wind [illegible] evidently struck him and capsized the skiff in an instant. He could either cut or [illegible] the cords. The unfortunate man reposed confiden[illegible] in the skiff and held the sail in his hand, [illegible] and doubtless be alive to-day.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Yesterday forenoon a man named Griffin [illegible] suddenly while sitting in the drug store of Dr. W. L. Adams, on First street. Griffin had been afflicted for over a year with a [illegible] disease of the brain, and was also paralyzed on one side. He was under medical treatment, and at the time of his death was sitting in a chair, apparently resting quite comfortably. Griffin was seen to suddenly sink down, and before he could be laid down on the lounge life was extinct. He ceased was aged about 30 years. He leaves a wife to mourn his sudden departure from the walks of life. Deceased has been residing some years at St. Helens, but his health being very poor he came to this city several weeks ago to receive medical treatment.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, March 17, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	45	48	45
Wind, direction	S.E.	N.W.	Calm
Wind, velocity	4	5	0
Weather	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy

Minimum temperature, 43. Rain fall, .15

ENTERTAINMENT.—At the Unitarian Chapel, this evening, a number of prominent ladies and gentlemen will read selections

UCTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
UCTIONEER
OR. OF FRONT AND OAK ST.

Auction Sales
AL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MER
CHANDISE AND HORSES.

Days---Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale,
assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUOR
beral advances made on Consignments
arties declining Housekeeping, I will purchase Second-Hand Furniture
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
niture, Groceries, General
Merchandise, Etc.,
SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
HORSE, DRAY and HARNESS,
ALSO,
GROCERIES.
a Navy TOBACCO.
La Matilda CIGARS.
xes O. SOAP.
xes Fancy SOAP.
ests Japan TEA.
s WASHING POWDER.
ALSO,
GOODS AND CLOTHING.
ALSO,
s Steel FIRE IRONS.
GALVANIZED BUCKETS.
Enq. FRY PANS.
ALSO,
TURES and FRAMES.
RAKES, &c.,
ALSO,
ROOM, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN
ITURE.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

ORTH BRITISH
and
MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.
tablished -, 1809.
ED. HALL,
gent for Oregon.
fice, 106 Front St.,
Between Washington and Alder.
mar24tf

eman's Fund Insurance C
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE AND MARINE.
ts Exceed - $627,003
OREGON BRANCH
8 Front Street, corner of Alder.
EDWARD HALL, Manager.

THE STATE
es Insurance
COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE.
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, - $426,00
OFFICERS:
DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
ompany has no connection with any
combination; its business is transacted
est Paying Rates, each risk being
e to its own merits.
dersigned, having been appointed General
for the above Company, are now prepared
applications and issue Policies for Fire
ne risks at equitable rates.
A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—25 Front Street, Portland.
gents for Oregon and Washington Terri
Agents wanted throughout the State

E. CORBETT'S
, Hack & Feed Stables
(FIRE PROOF),
CORD AND TAYLOR STREETS.
ble Charges for Hire. Particular
tion paid to Boarding Horses.
OBSERVE PRICES:
1 00 per hour.
1 00 first hour, $1 each additional hour.
50 cents each passenger.
$3 per Hack.
om Balls and Parties, $2 a couple.
t at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS'
tended to at any hour.

S! SEEDS! SEEDS!
Flower & Garden Seeds
W STOCK JUST RECEIVED.
AND ORNAMENTAL TREES
Of all descriptions.
OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP, for destroy
Also, Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, etc.
catalogue.
ENEY & STEMME, Grocers,
First and Taylor sts., Portland, Or.
M. PFUNDER,
EGARY AND CHEMIST,
UTSCHE APOTHEKE,
First and Oak streets, (Portland
CRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY
EED WHEAT.
HILI CLUB
FOR SALE BY
DING & FARRELL

The Daily Oregonian.

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	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	42°	45°	43°
Wind, direction	S.E.	S.W.	Calm.
Wind, velocity	4	5	0
Weather	Cloudy.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.
Minimum temperature			41
Rain fall			.15

ENTERTAINMENT.—At the Unitarian Chapel, this evening, a number of prominent ladies and gentlemen will read selections from the American poets and humorists. From the programme we have seen, and names of those mentioned in the same, we should judge that a pleasant evening's entertainment will be offered those attending.

DEATH.—Mr. Eugene Crowne, proprietor of Barsche Hall, died yesterday after a brief illness. He was formerly connected with the Forest House. Deceased was a member of Willamette Tribe, I. O. R. M. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

LUNCH.—The ladies of the Presbyterian church will have luncheon out in the vestry room—entrance on Washington street, between Third and Fourth—from 12 until 2 o'clock to-day. Everybody is invited.

FAIR.—The Woman's Guild of Trinity Church propose to hold a fair, commencing on Monday, March 29th. In connection with the affair they will give an old folks' tea party. Particulars will be given hereafter.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Steamer *Oriflamme* reached San Francisco yesterday.

Geo. Coggan's fast horses will be taken from Corbett's stables to-morrow morning and shipped to Eastern Oregon.

There will be a meeting of Peerless Lodge, Sons of Temperance, at Good Templar Hall this (Thursday) evening at 7:30.

The condition of Freddie Cole was much improved yesterday, we are gratified to state. Hopes are entertained of his recovery.

A lot of papers came to the postoffice a few days ago, most of which were addressed to persons who have either left the city or crossed the dark river. Evidently the list was taken from an old directory.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Beardsley, arrested for being maudlin drunk, was fined $5. He "defaulted," and went below for three days.

Tony Benton, arrested on a charge of stealing a pair of pants, was found guilty, and sentenced to the county jail for 30 days.

John Murphy, Buckley, Louis Favero and William Martin were arrested on a charge of conducting themselves in a disorderly manner. Favero furnished the required bonds and was released. The other three carried in limbo. This morning the case will be inquired into.

PERSONAL.

Hon. O. Humason, of Wasco, leaves this morning on the train for California, overland. He proposes to stop over from time to time along the way, and take a view of the country. Before returning, Judge Humason will visit the Southern part of California. We wish him a pleasant journey and a safe return.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

On Monday evening next Concordia Grove, U. A. O. D., will celebrate the anniversary of the day of the peace agreement between Germany and France, which occurred three years ago, by a grand ball at Turner's Hall. We are received cards.

ERIN GO BRAGH.

Harp—Shamrock—Sun-Burst.

OBSERVANCE OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF IRELAND'S PATRON SAINT BY THE IRISH CITIZENS OF PORTLAND—MUSIC, PARADE, ORATION, BALL, ETC.

Yesterday morning when the average Portlander arose from his drowsy couch, the numerous flags which were to be seen streaming in the early breeze from the many flagstaffs and mast-heads about the city gave convincing proof that Time, in his rapid strides, had once more brought round the anniversary of Ireland's Patron Saint. If any lingering doubts remained as to the character and peculiar significance of the day, a glance at the many green flags which were profusely displayed was quite sufficient to convince the most skeptical that it was really "St. Patrick's Day in the Morning."

The morning broke cool and disagreeable, and every indication gave flattering token that an early and copious descent of the gentle dews of Webfoot was imminent. However, as the day advanced, and after several light showers had fallen, the heavy, dark clouds were seen to disperse in places, and through the rifts the bright and golden sunshine poured down, dispelling the mist and fog and bringing joy and gladness to the inhabitants of this lower world. To those who were to participate in the exercises of the day, this change in the aspect of the sky was indeed most welcome, for nothing in this world is so well calculated to quench the raging fires of patriotism in the breast of the average American citizen than wading about through muddy streets in a pelting rain-storm.

From quite an early hour in the forenoon the streets and sidewalks presented an animated scene. Emerald neck-ties and scarfs were to be seen flitting about hither and thither, the wearers intent on some important mission, and rendering individual assistance in completing the necessary arrangements for the successful carrying out of the day's exercises. Crowds were to be seen thronging the muddy thoroughfares in eager anticipation of the first appearance of the procession. Everybody seemed to be fully aware of the importance and signification of the day, and were out to hear and witness whatever of interest might transpire. Notwithstanding the threatened inclemency of the weather hundreds of ladies and children were out promenading the sidewalks. So great was the jam that one had no small difficulty in elbowing through the throng.

Great preparations had been made by our Irish citizens for the appropriate observation of the anniversary of the birth of Ireland's Patron Saint. For some time before the formation of the procession the Grand Marshal, Major Cahalin, and his several aids were to be seen riding up and down the several streets actively engaged in completing arrangements for forming the same.

DELEGATION FROM VANCOUVER.

At 10 o'clock A. M. the steamer *Vancouver* arrived at her wharf at the foot of Washington street, having on board about 35 members of the Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society, their families and a number of invited guests. They were met at the dock by the members of the same order in this city, and, headed by the East Portland band, escorted to the corner of Stark and Third streets—the point at which the procession was to form. Eleven o'clock was the hour designated for the procession to move, but in consequence of unavoidable delays, it was not able to take up the line of march before half an hour later. Meantime the religious exercises at the cathedral had been concluded, and the grand marshal, assisted by his aids, began to form the procession.

THE PROCESSION.

A few minutes past 11 o'clock the Emmet Guard, under command of First Lieut. Storan, and the City Rifles, commanded by Capt. Phillips, headed by the Portland band, arrived on the ground, and were assigned positions by the marshal. Everything being in readiness, the procession took up the line of march, in the following order: Grand marshal and his aids; East Portland band, neatly uniformed, under the leadership of Prof. Parrott, numbering 13 pieces; Emmet Guard, numbering 24 muskets; City Rifles, numbering 17 muskets; carriages containing the president and orator of the day, clergymen and invited guests; Portland brass band, under the leadership of ——Peterson, with 12 pieces; Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society, numbering about 35; Portland Hibernian Benevolent Society, numbering 75; a number of Irish citizens not belonging to any society, and a number of small boys, sons of members of the Portland and Vancouver Hibernian Societies.

ROUTE OF MARCH.

After leaving the church the following line of march was observed: Up First to Yamhill, down Yamhill to Front, down Front to A, up A to First, up First to Pine, up Pine to Third, up Third to Columbia, up Columbia to Fourth to the Sisters' Academy.

AT THE ACADEMY.

When the procession arrived at the Academy, they marched through the gateway into the enclosure, and were arranged in order about the grounds. As soon as the crowd was arranged and order restored, the vocal and instrumental exercises of the pupils of the Academy, under direction of the Sisters, commenced. About 150 pupils, ranging in years from 9 to 18, were placed in regular order about the piazza, attired in scrupulously neat but plain dresses, with their bright, handsome faces beaming with smiles, and their hearts brimful of happy emotions! These happy school girls, under the control of the quiet, placid, dignified Sisters, presented a most gladsome picture, and constituted the most agreeable and interesting feature of the occasion. A number of beautiful songs were rendered by the pupils, accompanied by the organ and historic harp, which were fittingly responded to by the bands.

THE EXERCISES

At the Academy being concluded, the bands, military companies, civic societies and spectators, filed out of the enclosure. On reaching the street the procession was reformed and headed for the Court House, where the oration was to be delivered.

Arriving in front of the court house the procession halted, and persons composing it were allowed to file up the stairways. When the civic societies and military companies had entered, the crowd was allowed to pour in until the large, commodious room was densely packed. The judges' seat was occupied by the grand marshal, president and orator of the day. The clergy, two bands and a large number of invited guests were invited to occupy seats within the bar.

Appropriate airs were played by the bands, when Mr. J. M. Gearin, the president of the day, called the vast assembly to order, and after making a few introductory remarks, introduced the orator of the day, Mr. James O'Meara, to the audience.

Mr. O'Meara came forward and was greeted with loud and prolonged applause. He proceeded to address the large audience about an hour. Mr. O'Meara's oration was couched in eloquent language, very fitting and appropriate to the occasion, and was delivered in excellent style. From commencement to close the address was listened to with undiminished interest, and was frequently interrupted by thunderous applause.

The oration being concluded, the bands discoursed some dashing music, when the assemblage withdrew from the building. Once more the procession reformed and marched down Fourth street. At the Cathedral the procession halted and the clergy were allowed to retire from the carriages. The Emmet Guard and City Rifles were each escorted to their respective armories, when the civic societies, president, orator of the day and a number of invited guests, were conducted to the American Exchange Hotel, where lunch was in readiness.

Soon after lunch the members of the Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society were escorted to the steamer, which left the wharf at 3 o'clock. After seeing them safely off, the members of the Portland Hibernian Benevolent Society were escorted by the band to their hall, and the exercises of the day were at an end.

Considering the disagreeableness of the weather, which was the principal drawback, the observance of St. Patrick's Day for 1875 was very successful and passed off pleasantly to all concerned.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Special attention is called to the sheriff sale of the large stock of Chinese goods which formerly belonged to the firm of Wa-Ke & Co. The sale will take place at 10 o'clock this morning at the place where the goods are stored at present—on Front street, between Alder and Washington. A. B. Richardson will be the auctioneer.

The Warwick and Elmwood collars so closely resemble linen that the only difference you can detect is that they look and fit better.

COMMON COUNCIL.

[REGULAR MEETING, MARCH 17, 1875.]

Common Council of the city of Portland met pursuant to ordinance.

Present—W. S. Caldwell, clerk; Jas. H. Lappeus, chief of police. Councilmen Besser, Catlin, Corbett, Lyon, Story and Thompson.

Absent—His honor the Mayor; Councilmen Hoyt and Moreland.

W. S. Caldwell, clerk, called the Council to order.

On motion of Councilman Thompson, Councilman Besser was chosen chairman *pro tem*.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

The petition of R. B. Knappand others for the improvement of Montgomery street between Front and Fourth streets, was read and placed on file.

The petition of Wm. Wadhams and others, asking that certain park blocks be enclosed with a suitable fence; read and referred to the committee on streets and public property.

A communication from the National Fire Alarm Telegraph Co., offering to erect the McCullough patent fire alarm telegraph, for the city at a cost of $6,000 gold coin and warrant the same to work well for one year, was read and referred to the committee on fire and water.

The petition of Arthur Fahie for leave to repair a building on Second street, damaged by fire, was read and referred to the committee on fire and water and the chief engineer.

The remonstrance of Leonard & Green and others, against the proposed improvement of B street, was read and referred to the committee on streets and public property.

The remonstrances of parties owning property abutting on Yamhill, Second, Oak, Pine, and E streets, against the proposed improvement of said streets, were referred to the committee on streets and public property.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The committee on fire and water submitted a contract for the erection of a fire alarm telegraph, between the Electrical Construction and Maintenance Company and the city, at a cost of $7,500, signed by Geo. S. Ladd, president of said company.

After a good deal of discussion on the merits of the contract, which has not been signed on behalf of the city, Councilman Thompson moved to refer the contract and accompanying papers back to the same committee with power to act in the matter, and the motion prevailed.

The committee on fire and water reported adversely to the construction of a fire cistern at the intersection of Alder and Twelfth streets. The report was adopted.

The committee on streets and public property submitted the following report which was, on motion, received and placed on file:

To the Hon. the Common Council: As directed by your resolution of the 3d inst., we herewith submit plan of laying Nicolson pavement:

The plan is upon a general scale of one inch to the foot, and represents the mode of laying the pavement on the southwest intersection and 12 feet south of the same.

It will be noticed that the changes from the old plan consists of a gutter of plank, 12 inches wide, next to the curb, instead of the angular 6x10 blocks, and by raising the grade at the gutter four inches, at the crossing the grade will be nearly on a level with the sidewalk and the centre of the street, giving only sufficient fall to secure drainage.

The cost we estimate at about $1 per square yard for all materials used between curbs, exclusive of catch basins. The labor, we think, will cost about 40 to 45 cents per square yard.

Should the plan presented prove satisfactory, working specifications will be furnished.

We suggest that the contracts should be let as early as practicable, so as to allow the contractor time to secure the best of material.

In conclusion, your committee desire to state that they fully appreciate the compliment of your very efficient auditor, Mr. Caldwell, also to Mr. Taylor, city surveyor, to whom we are indebted for the model submitted for your inspection.

R. R. THOMPSON,
L. BESSER,
Com. on Streets and Public Property.

The report of the committee on health and police upon the bills of the police commissioners for services rendered during the months of December, 1874, and January, February and March, 1875, was read, and the report and bills laid over until next meeting.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

The auditor submitted the following report, which was read and placed on file:

OFFICE AUDITOR AND CLERK OF CITY OF PORTLAND, March 17, 1875.

To the Honorable the Common Council—GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to report that the tax roll for 1875 has been returned to me by the treasurer.

Total amount of tax	$62 312 85
Collected	56,376 04
Delinquent	$5,936 81

Respectfully, W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

CLAIMS.

The following claims against the city were ordered paid: Police commissioners, $42; J. H. Lappeus, $175 50; John Barrett, $30 56; *Bulletin* Publishing Co., $8; H. W. Corbett, $20; Geo. L. Story, $4; J. K. Gill & Co., $15 50; A. G. Walling, $79 75; L. Therkelsen, $1,427; Halpruner Bros., $18 31; E. Milwain, $4 25; OREGONIAN Publishing Co., $15 90; John R. Brigham, $13 25; Henry Lueg, $8 50; E. Milwain, $30 25. The bill of John Donnerberg for $3 75 was laid over until next meeting.

ORDINANCES.

An ordinance providing for the improvement of Montgomery street, between Front and Fourth streets, was read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance authorizing the committee on fire and water to prepare plans and advertise for bids to construct a hose-carriage for the use of engine company No. 4 was read once and referred to the committee on fire and water.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the auditor to draw a warrant in favor of J. H. Lappeus for $917 50 to pay for property purchased by the city at a sale for delinquent street assessments.

The committee on ways and means submitted a resolution directing the auditor to attach a warrant to the tax-roll authorizing the chief of police to collect the delinquent taxes thereon and deliver said roll and warrant to that officer for collection by law. The resolution was adopted.

The committee on accounts and current expenses was authorized to make an expenditure, not exceeding $100 in having blanks printed for use of various departments of the city government.

The committee on fire and water was authorized to make the following expenditures: $25 for spanners, wrenches and steel stamps, for use of fire department; $20 for break to the engine belonging to Tiger Co. No. 5; $20 for gas-burners for the house of the same company; $65 for gas fixtures for the new house of Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co.

A resolution was adopted instructing the chief engineer to have the hose now stored in the old city jail building removed to the corporation shed, and to report to the Council the condition of said hose, the number of feet in good condition, number of feet in tolerable condition, and the number of feet worthless.

The Auditor was instructed to give the usual notice that the Council proposes to improve the intersections of Second and Alder, Second and Yamhill, and Second and Main streets, by planking the same.

On motion, Council adjourned.

THE BALL.

Was a decided success in every way. Masonic Hall, the scene of the closing festivities, was crowded to its utmost capacity. There was no "putting on airs," but all settled down to have a jolly good time, and they had it, from 8 P. M.—well, till late, very late, we dare say, this morning. The music was indeed *par excellence*, which any mortal should have been able to dance. Young and old enjoyed the night to their heart's content, thus closing in the customary way, the celebration of St. Patrick's Day.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1875.

U. S. vs Woo Hee; order that defendant appear to-morrow morning for arraignment.

U. S. vs John A. Carr; hearing on demurrer to indictment set for Friday morning next.

U. S. vs John A Carr; same order as last.

U. S. vs Samuel Goldstein; same proceeding and order.

U. S. vs John Curry; same order.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock A. M.

THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Can you inform me why no work has been done for some time on the new Custom House. I pass daily, and no sign of life has been visible about that grand building, erected for the federal officials, after four years' labor (?), labor, by a selected few. Why keep it vacant and pay high rents for government officials in various parts of the city, thus taxing the people unnecessarily? MORRISON STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

A decided increase was noticeable in the attendance at the second rendition of the "Color Guard" at Oro Fino theater. The play passed off quite smoothly and to the satisfaction of the large audience.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and sixty acres of land, partly under cultivation, near Hubbard Station, east-side railroad. For further information inquire of W. S. HALPRUNER, Plumber, First st., bet. Taylor & Salmon.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

The very finest photographs are now taken at the new firm of Shuster & Dennie, who have just refitted their rooms, corner of First and Yamhill.

NAT. H. LANE & CO., in East Portland, are selling goods cheaper than any house on the east side of the river, consequently are selling more goods than anybody.

He has returned and the result of his visit to San Francisco you will observe by calling to day. We speak of J. KOHN, who is so well known in Portland and throughout the State. The Goods are all out and he is ready to show what is new in the clothing line. The very latest styles will be found among the new importations, and you must be hard to please if you cannot find something in his large stock. We warrant he will give you satisfaction in every respect. Call to-day, while the subject is fresh in your mind.

The *Oriflamme* brought a large invoice of Goods for Beck & Waldman, and additional lots will arrive on the steamer to arrive next week. This enterprising firm keep their stock well assorted, and for that reason, they have a continuous run of customers who know it is and of course are always able to find something new in the clothing line. Besides their varied stock of men's clothing and furnishing goods the firm keep a well selected stock of youth's suits, which every fond parent should call and see before making purchases. You will find them at the old corner always ready to serve the public.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office.)
PORTLAND.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C. of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This Balsamic compound has become a home fixture, for all who endure, or have endured, its attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequaled remedy. It can be relied upon, the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. Dr. W. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. Dr. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

THE PEOPLE have been so much imposed upon by several worthless Sarsaparillas, that we are glad to be able to recommend a preparation which can be depended on as containing the virtues of that invaluable medicine, and is worthy of the public confidence. DOCTOR MACKENZIE'S SARSAPARILLA cures when anything can cure the diseases that require an alterative medicine.

The Multiplication of Diseases.

Diseases multiply. One begets another. A trifling indisposition may, therefore, originate a complication of dangerous maladies. Indigestion begets far more formidable diseases; a multitude of ailments are traceable to constipation; fever and ague unhinges the entire nervous system, and is therefore the source of the protean ailments which affect that portion of the human organism. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, however, whether resorted to at the inception of these disorders of the stomach, bowels or liver, which gave birth to the majority of diseases and disabilities, or taken when they have ripened into formidable maturity, are alike powerful to cure. The process of recovery is, of course, longer when the malady has gained headway, but it is none the less certain. Dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, kidney complaints and intermittent fever, invariably yield to the operation of the great alterative and invigorant.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ABOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalled excellence.* ABOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, lucralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, cramps, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous head-ache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can do it by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Stir up your torpid liver; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, scrofula, all blood diseases, all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBoyle & Co., Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Portland Post Office.

Eastern and California through mail arrives daily at 4.10 p. m. Closes at 5.45 a. m.

Way-mail going south on the East Side R. R. for Oregon and Northern California arrives daily, at 4.10 p. m. Closes at 5.45 a. m.

West Side R. R. for Hillsboro and Forest Grove, arrives daily at 6 p. m. Closes at 5.45 a. m.

The Dalles and Eastern Oregon, Washington Territory and Idaho, arrives daily (Sunday excepted), between 1 and 8 p. m. Closes at 9 p. m.

Kalama, Olympia, Tumwater, Cowlitz, Rainier, Astoria, arrives daily (Sunday excepted) at about 6 p. m. Closes at 5 a. m.

Sauvies Island, Mount Coffin, Skamokawa, Cathlamet, Eagle Cliff, Oak Point, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday; arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday between 3 and 6 p. m. Closes at 5:30 a. m.

Scappoose, Westport, Columbia City, Willamette Slough, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 6 p. m. Closes at 5:30 a. m.

Knappa, leaves Thursday; arrives Friday about 6 p. m. Closes at 5:30 a. m.

Lafayette, via Tualatin, Middleton and Newberg, closes Friday at 6 a. m; arrives Saturday 7 p. m.

Salem, via Damascus, Estle Creek, Cuttingsville, Butte Creek and Silverton, leaves Friday at 6 a. m. arrive Wednesday at 6 p. m. Closes 9 p. m.

Scholl's Ferry, leaves Saturday; arrives Monday at 10 a. m. Closes at 10 a. m.

White Salmon, W. T., leaves Saturday; arrives Monday at 1 p. m.

Sitka, Alaska, once a month.

San Francisco, Cal., by steamer, tri-monthly.

Hood River and Shell Rock (Oregon) leave Saturday at 5 A. M.; arrive Monday evening.

Coos Bay mails arrive Tuesday and Friday, and going connect at Roseburg Monday and Thursday.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

J. Peterson, Auburn
H. Johnson, Salem
S. Durlein, "
N. Jensen, Kalama
H. Cox, Salem
W. Bosse, Bay View
O. Brien, Woodburn
Samuel Burris, Forest Grove
Thos. Burrow, Salem
W. F. Walker, John Day

Jos Quiles, Salmon River
Dr. E. F. Jeffries, San Fran
John Stengels, Salem
8 Miles St Helens
Alonzo Brown, Dallas
Squire Farrar, Salem
Jim Clankwell, Olympia
O. Stroenow, San Fran
M. B. Smith, "

CLARENDON HOTEL.

W. Martin, Lane county
J. Sheppard, Salem
L. D. Adams, Astoria
C. P. Miller, Montfort
H. Smith, Yamhill
J. Blum, Forest Grove
Ickrne, Idaho
C. Lilley, Littleton
S. Bell, Astoria
Nettie Wood, W T
Miss Annie Wood, "

T. H. Conn, Wilcox, Salem
S. Johnson, Lafayette
John A. Jamison, Dublin
Capt Hardy, ship Conflict
Geo. W. Walling, Or City
N. Boatbop, Victoria
L. Hardy, "
J. J. Williams, Salem
J. Somers, Sanders Island
N. Miller, Port Gamble

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

D. Austin, Lewis River
A. Anderson, Eugene
John O'Brion, Kalama
W. Neville, "
Ryan, Vancouver
W. Hall, "
H. Sinker, Salem
J. Arthur, Ohio

Jacob Anderson, Hillsboro
B. M. Cone, Salem
R. R. Speddlen, Astoria
A. W. Lockhart, Salem
H. R. Crook, "
Jas Miller, Cathlamet
D. Johnson, "

NATIONAL HOTEL.

David McGrath, Vancouver
Chas Stein, "
John Kenzie, "
T. Smith, "
Hannaby, Silverton
D. Phillips, Salem
Dr. Baxton, Fox Grove
Ed Wooley, "
McLearn, "

R. S. Davis, Lewis River
J. C. Miller, "
J. M. Jones, W. T.
F. J. Seelson, Hillsboro
Wm Piper, Salem
S. Bennett, Columbia Co
W. H. Wooldridge, Or City
J. F. Newman, Cowlitz

A FRIGHTFUL CHORUS.

Nothing strikes so unpleasantly upon the ear and affectionate parent as the wheezing, snuffling coughing, and hoarse voices of a family of children during under bad colds. A chorus of this dismal kind is kept up in some households the winter through, simply because the father and mother are either ignorant of the means of cure or are guilty of gross neglect. HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR will establish quiet in three days. No cough or cold can resist its soothing influence.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS—Cure in one minute.

REMOVED.

C. H. MYERS,
PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,
HAS REMOVED TO
Corner Front and Taylor Streets.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

WANTS.

SHEEP HERDER WANTED.

ONE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN THE business preferred. Apply at G. A. YOUNG'S Saloon, First st., bet. Pine and Oak. marl6d1f

FOR SALE.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE.

THE FINEST GROCERY TRADE IN THE CITY is for sale as a bargain. The owners are making money and business increasing every day. Satisfactory reasons for selling. No bonus required. Stock quite small at present. For particulars inquire of WOODWARD & GILLETTE, Agents.

FOR SALE,

A GOOD FRAME HOUSE, HARD FINISHED, containing six rooms, kitchen and pantries, barn, wood and chicken houses. Four or six lots with good picket fence and shrubbery and good well of water; all in good order. Situated in Allen's Addition to East Portland. The above will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to C. HAWTHORNE
East Portland, March 11, 1875. 6mar20

OYSTERS.

The Best Season of the Year to Eat
OYSTERS!

At no time of the year are the SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS in better order than at the present. Served in all the different styles, by that King of Oystermen, "ROSCO."

EASTERN OYSTERS fresh by every steamer.

"GEM SALOON."

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.

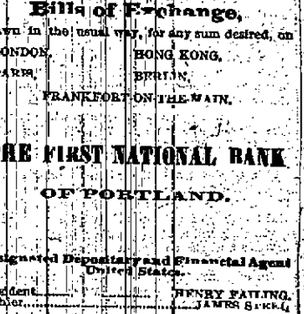
N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated
Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties
ARE SERVED.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON

IS KEPT BY OLD WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his employers and all the united said place, is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place, which he warrants will be kept only on First Class principles. He also would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to get FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS expressly selected for him twice a week, and a No. 1 EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.

A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to come and convince themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.

WM. WALLER,
Oak street, 2d door west of Flunder's Drug store.



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The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1875.

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AGAIN.

Oh, sweet and fair, oh, rich and rare!
That day so long ago.
The Autumn sunshine everywhere,
The heather all aglow.
The ferns were clad in cloth of gold,
The waves sang on the shore;
Such suns will shine, such waves will sing,
Forever, evermore.

Oh, tried and few! oh, tried and true!
The friends by whom we met that day;
Each one the other's spirit knew;
And so in earnest play
The colors flew past, until at last
The twilight kissed the shore;
We said: "Such days shall come again
Forever, evermore."

One day again, no cloud or pain
A shadow o'er us cast,
And yet we strove in vain, in vain
To capture up the past.
Lake, but unlike the sun that shone,
The waves that beat the shore,
The words we said, the songs we sung,
Like—unlike—evermore.

For ghosts unseen crept in between,
And, when our songs flowed free,
Sang discords in an undertone,
And marred the harmony.
"The past is ours, not yours," they said,
"The waves that beat the shore,
Though like the same are not the same,
Oh! never, never more!"

A FEARFUL FATE.

A MOTHER AND HER EIGHT CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH IN THEIR HOME—NARROW ESCAPE OF THE FATHER.

[From the Montreal Witness, Jan. 26.]

It was a sad sight that yesterday met the gaze of those who, after plodding through the snow from Louis Racicot's residence, stood around the smoking ruins of what was, on Sunday night the home of Pierre Dulude and his family of nine. The dwelling, which stood on the second concession, back of Boucherville, was about thirty years old, of wood set on a solid stone foundation, and exposed to the full sweep of winds from all points of the compass—that district having been at one time burned over clear of timber, and hence named "Pays Brule." Nothing remarkable was to be seen in the pile of stone, mortar and buried *debris* of the dwelling; but a little to the southwest, in the carriage-house, was one of the most horrid sights that ever met human gaze. There on two boards, about three feet wide and six feet long, lay fourteen pieces of what was simply roast flesh, all that could be recovered of the remains of Mrs. Dulude and her eight children. An odor of the kitchen pervaded the gloomy shed, and despite the knowledge that those pieces of cinder were human, it was hard to realize the fact. Most of the remains were of nondescript shape, curled, twisted, and bound up in black lumps of balls. The mother's remains were barely recognizable. The remains of one of the younger boys (it is thought) are partially perfect, but legs, arms, and head are wanting. The remains will be placed in one coffin and buried to-morrow. The names of the victims are as follows: Philoniene Desmarteau, thirty-five, mother; Marie Dulude, thirteen; Joseph Dulude, eleven; Ernest Dulude, eight; Florina, seven; Anna, six; Alphonse, five; Telesphore, four; and Horace, the baby, one. Portions of the remains are still buried in the ruins of the chimney, which fell in shortly after the roof was destroyed. Pierre Dulude, the father, the last to retire, went to bed on Sunday night about 12 o'clock, having a good fire burning in the large sitting-room stove. He was awakened shortly before 2 A. M. by smoke, and hastily getting up, rushed down stairs to find the carpet (thickly lined with straw) on fire near the stove-door; a "holder," or cloth to handle the latch of the stove-door, was in a blaze, and is believed to have caught fire from a spark falling through the damper. Dulude threw the only pail of water in the house on the burning carpet, and then rushed up stairs shouting, "Fire is in the house; get up quick!" When he got down stairs again, he was met by the fire, which had made great headway on all sides, and he was fearfully burned on the thighs, back, face, head, and arms in rushing to the door; whether his wife attempted to follow him or not, is disputed. Racicot, who lives near by, says Dulude, after he came to his house, said his wife followed him down stairs with the two youngest children in arms, but turned back on hearing the others screaming and crying, saying: "I'll die with my children"—and she did. Dulude, after leaving the burning house, shouted, "Wait a little, I'll get a ladder." He ran to the barn, 500 yards away, and through the drifting snow, with nothing on him but his shirt, and brought back a ladder, but, alas! too late, as he raised it up to the chamber windows, and broke the glass, over his head the flames were roaring inside. The agonized father and husband then ran to his nearest neighbor, Louis Racicot's, aroused the latter, and as he fell on the floor, exclaiming, "My wife and children are burning; save them!" His shirt, which was on fire, was torn from him, and he, bloody, scorched and half frozen, was put in a bed, while Racicot ran to the burning house. He called loudly, but the roar of the flames alone answered. He, with some neighbors that collected, then waited till 9 A. M., when the house had burned down into the cellar. The tragedy was over. After daylight the search for the remains was prosecuted; and about 1 o'clock Mr. Dulude was carefully wrapped up and carried into Boucherville village to his mother's house. Here Coroner Jones, assisted by Deputy Coroner Dr. Roy, opened an inquest on the remains of the wife and children. Octave Peltier being foreman of the jury. Pierre Dulude was the principal witness. His testimony has already been summarized. The unfortunate man was frequently interrupted while giving evidence by pangs of mental as well as physical agony. The jury brought in a verdict of "accidental death." Dulude is respectably connected, a brother of his doing business as a dry goods merchant in Notre Dame street. The fire is a warning to all to exercise more care in the use of stoves, and not leave them unattended when full of combustible material.

HOW A CAT WON A WAGER.—A number of persons met in the American House billiard saloon recently, when a man came in with a cat in his arms. A momentary wonder was expressed as to what the companionship meant, as men are not in the habit of going about with cats in their arms. The observers had not long to wait, as the cat-carrier exclaimed, "Bet anybody this cat will carry a bottle of ale ten feet." Somebody, either doubting that pussy would perform the feat or willing to see it done, took the bet. Two chalk-lines were made on the floor, the bottle was produced, and the performance began. The bottle was placed on one mark, and the cat was to carry it to the other. Seizing the animal by the tail, the man hung her head down over the bottle. Obeying a known impulse, the cat grabbed the bottle tightly with her fore-feet. The man then walked over the chalk-mark, and the cat, clinging desperately to the bottle, carried it along the floor to the specified distance. The wager was won.—*Miners' Journal.*

A special to the *News* says the Emperor of Austria will meet King Victor Emanuel at Venice next month.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 17, 1875.

Gold in New York, 113¾.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling, 88.

Legal tenders in San Francisco, 87 buying, 87½ selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin, ¼ per cent. discount; currency ½ of 1 per cent. premium.

Sight exchange on New York coin ¾ of one per cent. prem., and currency ½ of one per cent.

Price of Sterling exchange in New York, $4 84½@4 86.

Gold bars, 72@750.

The latest telegraphic quotations from the Liverpool wheat market are of the 10th, and give the prevailing price at 8s 11d @ 9s 3d for average California, and 9s 3d @ 9s 10d for club per central. London advices of to-day, however, note an advance of 1s 3d per quarter in most European markets, induced by the backwardness of the season.

Except the advancing tendency in the gold market no important movement appears to be going on in the Eastern money centers.

In our local market the applications for discounts have not been more than large enough to absorb the receipts from maturing paper, and deposits have been pretty well kept up, so that the banks are in possession of ample means to accommodate their regular customers, whose demands at this time are not individually large, though the past few days have marked a slight increase in this call, which for almost the entire winter season has been lighter than usual.

The tariff bills as revised by Congress, seem from the tone of the Eastern press to give general satisfaction. The ten per cent. reduction in the general tariff which was adopted a few years ago under the assurance that the Government had enough revenue even with this reduction, was not intended to be permanent. It was in the nature of an experiment to ascertain whether the government could get along with 90 per cent. of the duties levied by the tariff; and now that experience, since the panic in 1873, has demonstrated that the reduction cannot be afforded, Congress has restored the 10 per cent. lopped off, and so secured a revenue that is raised less oppressively perhaps by a tariff than in any other manner. The other provisions of the bill increase slightly the imposts upon commodities best able to bear the burden. The changes wrought by the bill are not great and will disturb business very little in any direction. In our local market it has so far affected perceptibly but one article of distilled spirits, Eastern whisky having advanced about 2½ per cent. Sugars and tobacco, the other two principal articles taxed, are firm, and though the tariff has not caused them to be marked up as yet, it has probably kept them at steady figures.

Grain and Provision Reports.

According to the official returns, which have just reached us, the imports of wheat into Great Britain during the month of January, amounted to 2,627,060 cwt., of which 1,638,381 cwt. were from the United States. Compared with the corresponding month of last year, there is a diminution of rather more than 1,000,000 cwt. Of four the imports have been 519,793 cwt., against 662,429 cwt.; while those of barley have increased from 748,396 cwt. in 1874, to 1,295,935 cwt., and of Indian-corn from 932,165 cwt. to 1,303,605 cwt.

Chicago elevators at the commencement of business March 3st, contained 5,789,929 bushels of wheat, 1,595,027 bushels of corn, 517,012 bushels of oats, 11,096 bushels of rye, and 226,829 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 6,159,793 bushels, against 5,878,853 bushels one week before, and 7,549,002 bushels at the same period last year.

The amount of grain on board vessels in the Chicago harbor March 4th was 166,679 bushels of wheat and 68,007 bushels of corn.

Milwaukee warehouses, at the close of business Feb. 27th, contained 1,677,607 bushels of wheat, 62,884 bushels of corn, 35,212 bushels of oats, 3,073 bushels of rye, 140,158 bushels of barley, and vessels in the harbor were also loaded with 209,000 bushels of wheat.

Below will be found the amount of grain in sight in the States and Canada, Feb. 20, 1875: Wheat, 12,201,754 bushels; corn, 6,564,715 bushels; oats, 2,184,445 bushels; barley, 1,649,696 bushels.

The stock of pork in New York on the 1st inst. was 62,455 pounds.

Some idea of the enormous amount of money paid out for hogs in the West may be gained, when it is stated that in Chicago the purchases of live hogs for packing alone, for the season down to March 1st, footed up to $30,000,000. This does not include the money paid for dressed hogs, or those purchased for shipment.

The Wheat and Flour Market.

In this line of trade there is generally some better feeling, though transactions are still slow and prices not materially advanced on quotations of one week ago. The improvement is in the demand and a more confident feeling as to the future. Wheat, which is not offering in many large lots, is unchanged in quotations, but holders seem even less inclined than before to sell at current offers, while the shippers who are in the market show but little disposition to be moved from former offers by the latest advance in European markets, as noted by telegraph.

Since the beginning of January, the shipments of Oregon wheat and flour to all ports have been equal to 625,000 bushels of the former, in round numbers, of which, 322,000 bushels wheat and 33,000 barrels flour have gone to Europe, 200,000 sacks flour to northern ports, 3,000 sacks flour to Honolulu, and the remainder to San Francisco. These figures give the total wheat and flour shipments for the current harvest year to date, as follows:

Wheat, bush.....12,998,833
Flour, bbls.....1,104,737

This is equivalent to about 2,447,520 bushels of wheat.

The estimates of the surplus in the State last year were various, ranging from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 bushels, and as no precise figures on that point can be had, let us take 3,500,000 bushels as the surplus; and we will have as the amount yet for shipment upwards of 1,000,000 bushels, which, we think, is too large, and that perhaps not more than one-half that quantity will be shipped before harvest. In our estimates we have included the cargoes of the vessels yet at Astoria, but which are loaded and ready to sail, and excluded the Euterpe, loading there at present.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Idaho, from San Francisco, will probably arrive on Friday next. She is announced to sail hence on Monday.

The schooner Hera is discharging at Flanders' wharf, as also the barkentine Webfoot.

The bark Menshikoff, from San Francisco, whose manifest we published last week, reached her berth in this port this afternoon. She will discharge at Flanders' wharf.

Latest news from Astoria is to the effect that the bar was getting less rough, and the grain-ships there waiting were preparing to sail. The German bark Wilh. Rickmers had gone to sea.

The captain of the Menshikoff, which came in across the bar yesterday, reports no vessel outside in sight.

The bark Clifton, from Liverpool for Portland via Victoria, arrived at the latter port last Saturday, and may be expected here in two or three weeks. The captain reports all well on board, and the cargo in good order. The Clifton has 700 tons of merchandise—300 for Victoria, and 400 for Portland.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17—Arrived—Ship Sterling, New York; steamer Oriflamme, Portland; Newbern, Guaymas.

Sailed—British ship Cape Clear, Cork; British ship Seaforth, Liverpool; ship St. Lawrence Cork; American ship Florida, Manila; schooner Uncle, Coos Bay; steamer Constitution, was to sail at noon for Panama, but is fast in mud at wharf.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—Flour—Superfine, $3 87½@4 50; extra, $4 25@5; shipping, $5@5 37½.

Wheat—Choice milling, $1 70.

Barley—Feed, $1 40@1 45; brewing, $1 50@1 57½.

Oats—$1 50@1 75; surprise, $1 90@2.

Potatoes—Fair to choice, $1 70@1 80.

Onions—Silverskin, $2 50.

Vegetables—Asparagus, 9@15c; rhubarb, 10@12½; green peas, 4c; garlic, 10c; cabbage, 50@60c; marrowfat squash, $30 per ton.

Dried Fruits—Apples, 5@6c; peaches, 5@5½; pears, 5@6c; plums, 3½@4c.

Nuts—Almonds, 8@10c; hard, 15@20c; soft-shell, 15@17½; California filberts, 16@20c; hickory, 10@11c; Chile walnuts, 10@11c; Cal. walnuts, 7@11c; Cal. peanuts, 2@10c; Eastern chestnuts, 8@20; Italian chestnuts, 12c; cocoa nuts, $7@8.

Feed—Bran, $14; feed middlings, $22; oil cake meal, $30.

Hay—$10@17 ₱ ton; straw, $7@7½c.

Dairy Products—Best fresh roll butter, 27½c; other grades, 23½@25c; new Cal. cheese, 15@17c; Western, 13c; New York factory, 20@23c; pine, apple, $1@; Cal. fresh laid eggs, 24@25c.

Poultry—Live turkeys, 16@18c; dressed, 21@23c; hens and large roosters, $7@; spring chickens, $6@ $7 50.

Wild Game—Hare, $2 50@3; rabbits, $1 25@1 50; snipe, $1 75@2 for English and 75c@$1 00 for common, robbins, $1; larks, doves, curlew and plover, 50@75c; ducks—$1@1 50 for common to $3@4 for mallard and canvas-back; geese, $1@1 50@2.

Provisions—California bacon jobbing at 14@15½c; California hams, 13½@16c; Eastern hams, 14½@15½c; shoulders, 8@8½c; smoked beef, 9c; beef tongues, $30; lard, 14@15c for California and Eastern, according to brand and package; pigs feet, $2@2 50; mess beef, $10@12; pork, $16 for prime, $20 for mess, $22 mess, $24 for extra clear.

Wool—Southern burry and dirty, 9@11c; good medium, 14@15c; choice long, 16@17c.

Hides—Best city butchers', 8@9c; ordinary selections of city, 7@7½c; salted, 3@6c.

Tallow—Common, 2½@3c; good choice beef, 7@ 7½c.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—The market is still unmoved by any important transactions, and though small lots offering are occasionally taken at $1 37½ @ cental, shippers seem to be careless purchasers now that no vessels are awaiting cargoes, the only freighting engagement to load flour from the Salem mills. Quotations are given at $1 35@1 37½.

FLOUR—Owing to a fair local trade and a good shipping demand, stocks here are not quite so large as they were a fortnight ago, though shippers have some heavy invoices awaiting transportation. We quote at $4 25@4 50 ₱ bbl for jobbing lots of standard extras; $4 for good outside and country brands, and $4 50@4 75 for superfine.

OATS—The market is unsteady and much controlled by auctioneers in San Francisco. Quotations have a very wide nominal range, seemingly being governed by the whims of dealers, and are furnished at 1@1½ cents per bushel. We apprehend but little if any advance on these figures before harvest. Lots of choice feed are quoted at $1 50@1 55 ₱ 100 lbs; good feed and $1 35@1 40 for choice brewing. The surplus yet in the interior, is sufficient, will no more than answer the requirements for home consumption until harvest.

MILL FEED—There is no improvement in the condition of the trade, and we quote the market dull at $25@27 50 per ton for middlings, bran, $15@16; chops, $25@27 50; shorts, $20, oil cake, $30.

HAY—No change in prices since last week; the supply is full for the current demand; good timothy quotable at $12@12 per ton.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand for good lots for shipment at 72½@75c per bushel, the range of quotations being 50@75c.

ONIONS—Almost no active movement has taken place during the week than was anticipated. Prices for jobbing are $1 25@1 50 ₱ 100 lbs for best varieties.

APPLES RIPE—Notwithstanding the fear that the first load spoiled most of the surplus, receipts have been fair, and since the ice gave way our shipments have been fully equal to the demand. Choice lots of Newtowns are nearly packed command $1 per box; loose from wagons quotable at 60@75c.

APPLES DRIED—There is the usual demand at low prices; 4@5c ₱ lb is asked for sun-dried.

BACON—The supply continues rather in excess of the current demand and sales are dull; Sides are quotable at 11@12c ₱ lb; hams, 12@13c, shoulders, 9@10c.

LARD—There is a fair demand for a good article in kegs or tins, full weight, at 12½@13c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—The current local demand is not so generally felt, but choice is in good demand at about the figures then given.

EGGS—The ample supplies during the week with a declining market below, has brought prices down to 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Choice lots of full grown are worth $4 50@5 a dozen; common and mixed, $3 50@4.

DRESSED HOGS—The packing season having closed, the only demand is for the home trade and is not brisk at 6@6½c ₱ lb.

BEEF CATTLE—There have been but few arrivals of choice lots during the past week, and for such, prices have advanced to 6 cts ₱ lb net on foot; ordinary quality at 5@5½c.

MUTTON SHEEP—There are very few lots offering, and choice are worth $3 50@3 75 a head, and some at the extreme of $4.

HIDES AND TALLOW—A duller demand for shipping-purposes prevails on receipts are light. We quote for choice dry 16½c ₱ lb; green salted, 7c; green, 6½c; culls, 10@12; calf, 22c ₱ lb; deacon, 75@$1 each; and kips, 20@22c; green, salted skins, each, $1@1 50; otter, $2@3; beaver, 75@$1.

WOOL—Very few transactions are taking place; best grades quotable at 20@22c ₱ lb; common to fair lots, 18@19c.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Trade is quiet and prices for seasonable goods firm at current quotations. Mitchell Wagons, $120@145; Bain, 3-inch to 4-inch, ditto as steel, $100 to $160; Pacific do, $120@150. Schuttler, in Studebaker's list.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap, standard, 1½@ 18c; flour, 46x8x, 9½@10c; hops, 15x15x36, Grain, 10½ oz., 22x60, 14c; 14½ oz., 24x36, 14c; 28x36, 15½c; Flax Seed, 24x36, 14c; Wool, 54x, 30c; Cotton Sacking, 4 yards, 40 inch, 10, 10½, 11, 11½ and 12 oz, 10@12½c; Seaming Twine, 3 ply, 8oz, 40@15c; Roping, 3 ply flax and jute, 40@43; 4-4 Dutch Carpeting and Matting, 20c; Cotton Batting, 10½; gold lengths, wood and bronze patterns, 50 per piece.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks on hand embrace full assortment; trade light, yet on active sales for the favorite brands. Cordova kips and the genuine Webfoot boots; for Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' wear the Button Boots take the lead. We quote Webfoot, $3@3 50; Cordova kips and the genuine, $3 pairs